West Pioneer Properties (India) Private Limited
Statutory Audit for the year ended 31 March 2017

Chartered Accountants

14th Floor, The Ruby 29 Senapati Bapat Marg Dadar (West) Mumbal-400 028, India

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of West Ploneer Properties (India) Private Limited

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of West Pioneer Properties (India) Private Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Baiance Sheet as at March 31, 2017, the Statement of Profit and Loss and Cash Flow Statement for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 and the Companies (Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2016. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial control that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We have taken into account the provisions of the Act, the accounting and auditing standards and matters which are required to be included in the audit report under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing, issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, as specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the Company's preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the Company's Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.



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Basis for qualified opinion

We report that revenue from Sales - Property Development is recognized on construction work executed on commercial plaza based on execution of application forms by the buyers, over and above duly signed agreement. Such executed application forms are taken into consideration for the purpose of arriving at the threshold limit for initiation of revenue recognition. This is not in accordance with Guidance note on Accounting for Real Estate Transactions (Revised 2012), issued by Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and Accounting Standard 9 "Revenue recognition", since all significant risks and rewards of ownership cannot be considered to be transferred to buyer on execution of application forms. Consequent to the policy adopted by the company, revenue from sales property development disclosed in Note 20 is higher by Rs. 40,799,413; cost of construction as disclosed in Note 22 is higher by Rs. 32,485,953; loss for the year is lower by Rs 8,313,460 and Net deficit in statement of profit and loss under reserves and surplus as disclosed in Note 4 is lower by Rs 8,313,460.

Qualified opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, except for the effects of the matter(s) described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph above, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2017, of its loss and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's report) Order, 2016 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the Annexure 1 a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.
- 2. As required by section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
- (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit;
- (b) In our opinion proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as appears from our examination of those books;
- (c) The Balance Sheet, Statement of Profit and Loss, and Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
- (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 and the Companies (Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2016;
- (e) On the basis of written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2017, and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2017, from being appointed as a director in terms of section 164 (2) of the Companies Act, 2013;
- (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure 2" to this report;
- (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:

- The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its financial statements - Refer Note 35 and 36 to the financial statements;
- The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
- ill. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
- iv. The Company has provided requisite disclosures in Note 40 to these financial statements as to the holding of Specified Bank Notes on November 8, 2016 and December 30, 2016 as well as dealings in Specified Bank Notes during the period from November 8, 2016 to December 30, 2016. Based on our audit procedures and relying on the management representation regarding the holding and nature of cash transactions, including Specified Bank Notes, we report that these disclosures are in accordance with the books of accounts maintained by the Company and as produced to us by the Management.

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For SRBC & COLLP

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration Number: 324982E/E300003

Jayesh Gandhi

Partner

Membership Number: 37924

Place of Signature: Mumbai

Date:

2 9 MAY 2017.

Annexure 1 referred to in paragraph 1 under the heading "Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements" of our report of even date

Re: West Pioneer Properties (India) Private Limited ('the Company')

- (i) (a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets.
 - (b) Fixed assets have been physically verified by the management during the year and no material discrepancies were identified on such verification.
 - (c) Based on our audit procedures performed for the purpose of reporting the true and fair view of the financial statements and according to information and explanations given by the management, the title deeds of immovable properties included in fixed assets are held in the name of the company.
- (ii) The management has conducted physical verification of inventory at reasonable intervals during the year and no material discrepancies were noticed on such physical verification.
- (Iii) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(III)(a), (b) and (c) of the Order are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
- (iv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not advanced loans to directors / to a company in which the Director is interested to which provisions of section 185 of the Companies Act, 2013 apply and hence not commented upon. Further provisions of section 186 of the Companies Act 2013 in respect of loans and advances given and investments made have been complied with by the company.
- (v) The Company has not accepted any deposits from the public.
- (vi) We have broadly reviewed the books of account maintained by the Company pursuant to the rules made by the Central Government for the maintenance of cost records under section 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013, related to the construction of residential and commercial properties and are of the opinion that prima facie, the specified accounts and records have been made and maintained. We have not, however, made a detailed examination of the same
- (vii) (a) Undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, income-tax, sales-tax, service tax, value added tax, and other material statutory dues have generally been regularly deposited with the appropriate authorities though there has been a slight delay in a few cases.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of provident fund, income-tax, , service tax, sales-tax, value added tax and other material statutory dues were outstanding, at the year end, for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.



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(c) According to the records of the Company, there are no dues of income tax, sales tax which have not been deposited on account of any dispute. However, according to the records of the Company, dues outstanding of service tax on account of any dispute are as follows:

Nature of the Statute	Nature of Dues	Amount (Rs.)	Period to which the amount relates	Forum where the dispute is pending
Finance Act, 1994	Service Tax	1,58,50,807	FY 2007-08 to FY 2011-12 (upto September 2011)	Supreme Court
Maharashtra Value Added Tax Act, 2002	Tax/Interest/ Penalty	27,12,956	FY 2007-08 and FY 2008-09	Sales Tax (Appeal) - Mumbal

- (viii) Based on our audit procedures performed for the purpose of reporting the true and fair view of the financial statements and according to information and explanations given by the management, we are of the opinion that the Company has not defaulted in repayment of dues to a financial institution and bank. The Company did not have any outstanding dues in respect of debenture holders or government during the year.
- (ix) Based on our audit procedures performed for the purpose of reporting the true and fair view of the financial statements and according to the information and explanations given by the management and on an overall examination of the balance sheet, we report that monies raised by way of term loans were applied for the purposes for which those were raised.
- (x) Based upon the audit procedures performed for the purpose of reporting the true and fair view of the financial statements and according to the information and explanations given by the management, we report that no fraud by the company or on the company by the officers and employees of the Company has been noticed or reported during the year.
- (xi) Based on our audit procedures performed for the purpose of reporting the true and fair view of the financial statements and according to the information and explanations given by the management, the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V of the Act is not applicable to the company and hence reporting under clause 3(xi) are not applicable and hence not commented upon.
- (xii) In our opinion, the Company is not a nidhi company. Therefore, the provisions of clause 3(xii) of the order are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
- (xiii) Based on our audit procedures performed for the purpose of reporting the true and fair view of the financial statements and according to the information and explanations given by the management, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with section 188 of Companies Act, 2013 where applicable and the details have been disclosed in the notes to the financial statements, as required by the applicable accounting standards. The provisions of sec 177 are not applicable to the company and accordingly reporting under clause 3(xiii) insofar as it relates to section 177 of the Act is not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.



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- (xiv) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the balance sheet, the company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year under review and hence, reporting requirements under clause 3(xiv) are not applicable to the company and, not commented upon.
- (xv) Based on our audit procedures performed for the purpose of reporting the true and fair view of the financial statements and according to the information and explanations given by the management, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him.
- (xvI) According to the information and explanations given to us, the provisions of section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 are not applicable to the Company.

For S R B C & CO LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm registration number: 324982E/E300003

Jayesh Gandhi

Partner

Membership No.:37924

Place: Mumbai

Date: 20

29 MAY 2017

Chartered Accountants

ANNEXURE 2 TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT OF EVEN DATE ON THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF WEST PIONEER PROPERTIES (INDIA) PRIVATE LIMTED

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of West Pioneer Properties (India) Private Limited ("the Company") as of March 31, 2017, in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing as specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of Internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified audit opinion on the internal financial controls over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding

Chartered Accountants

prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the Inherent limitations of Internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the Internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Qualified Opinion

According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our audit, the following material weakness has been identified as at March 31, 2017:

The Company did not have an appropriate internal control system for recognition of revenue as per Guidance note on Accounting for Real Estate Transactions (Revised 2012), issued by institute of Chartered Accountants of India and Accounting Standard 9 "Revenue recognition" since Sales - Property Development on construction work executed on commercial plaza is recognised as revenue considering executed application forms by the buyers, instead of duly signed agreements.

A 'material weakness' is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal financial control over financial reporting, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the company's annual or interim financial statements will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis.

In our opinion, except for the effect of the material weakness described above on the achievement of the objective of the control criteria, the Company has, in all material respects, maintained adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as of March 31, 2017, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by Company considering components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

Explanatory paragraph

We also have audited, in accordance with the Standards on Auditing issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, as specified under Section 143(10) of the Act, the standalone financial statements of West Pioneer Properties (India) Private Limited, which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2017, and the related Statement of Profit and Loss and Cash Flow Statement for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information. This material weakness was considered in determining the nature, timing, and extent of audit tests applied in our audit of the March 31, 2017 standalone financial statements of the Company and this report has affected our report dated May 29, 2017, in which we have expressed a qualified opinion on those financial statements.

For S R B C & CO LLP

Chartered Accountants

ICAl/Firm Registration Number: 324982E/E300003

per Jayesh Gandhi

Partner

Membership Number: 37924

Place of Signature: Mumbai

29 MAY 2017

West Pioneer Properties (India) Private Limited Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2017

	Notes	As at 31st March, 2017	As at 31st March, 2016
Equity and Linbilities		₹	Ÿ
Shareholders' Funds			
Share Capital	3	26 81 20 214	
Reserves and Surplus	4	26,81,39,210	26,81,39,210
·	•	1,02,54,71,072	1,04,62,12,767
Non-current Liabilities		1,29,35,10,282	1,31,43,51,977
Long-term Borrowings	5	1,43,35,33,537	92,89,28,381
Other long-term Liabilities Long-term Provisions	7	7,59,27,039	7,43,22,309
Long-term Provisions	8	17,05,809	15,59,814
Current liabilities		1,51,11,67,376	1,00,48,10,504
Short-term Borrowings			-11-01-01001
Trade Payables	9	-	1,79,00,000
Other Current Liabilities	10	5,22,65,570	4,15,54,559
Short-term Provisions	10	25,28,87,242	47,74,97,330
Short-term Provisions	3	79,916	83,494
TOTAL		30,52,32,728	53,70,35,383
TOTAL	•••	3,11,00,10,386	2,85,61,97,864
Assets	_		
Non-current assets			
Fixed assets			
Property, Plant and Equipment	11	1.02.27.41.400	
Intangible Assets	12	1,02,27.52,483	1,02,47,53,893
Capital work-in-progress	31	23,57,988	4,62,409
Non-Current Investments	13	14,63,31,035	13,94,62,480
Deferred tax assets (net)	6	26,01,76,879	26,04,76,879
Loans and Advances	14	* 0 * 0 * 0 * 0	•
Other non-current assets	16	5,85,99,830	7,77,74,518
		97,03,833	79,00,313
Current assets		1.50,02,22,048	1,51,08,30,492
Inventories	17	1.46.55.00.00	
Trade Receivables	15	1,46,87,98,881	1,15,71,65,581
Current Investments	18	9,73,56,802	10,28,48,937
Cash and Cash Equivalents	19	45,00,022	22
Loans and Advances	14	1,09,71,345	3,08,79,614
Other current assets	16	2,28,87,049	3,09,41,045
	10	52,74,239	2,35,32,173
TOTAL	_	1,60,97,88,338	1,34,53,67,372
Summary of significant accounting policies	7.1 <u></u>	3,11,00,10,386	2,85,61,97,864
The accompanying poles are an interest	2.1		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements As per our report of even date

For SRBC & COLLP

Chartered Accountants

iCALFirm Registration No.: 324982E/E300003

per Jayesh Gandhi

Purtner

Membership No.: 37924

Place: Membai Date: 29th May 2017

for and on behalf of the Board of Directors of West Pioneer Properties (India) Private Limited

Dr.Shatadru Sengupta

Director

DEN No. 00291695

Sundeep Kumar CFO

Place: Mambai Date: 29th May 2017 Sanjay Soni

Director DIN No. 01048644

Minal Kardile Company Secretary



West Pioneer Properties (India) Private Limited Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31st March, 2017

Town	Notes	For the year ended 31st March, 2017 ₹	For the year ended 31st March, 2016
Income			
Revenue from operations	20	36,61,37,396	64,12,73,782
Other income	21	1,40,18,091	1,69,93,306
Total revenue (1)		38,01,55,487	65,82,67,088
Expenses			
Cost of construction of properties	22	9,21,68,758	20.07.22.410
Employee benefits expense	23	4,01,28,651	30,87,23,419
Other expenses	24		3,63,40,448
Total (II)	#T	14,91,68,662	21,52,52,689
,		28,14,66,071	56,03,16,556
Earnings before Finance cost, tax, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA) (1) - (II)		9,86,89,416	9,79,50,532
Depreciation and amortization expense	25	6,08,12,487	5 75 00 411
Finance costs	26	5,86,18,624	5,75,92,411
(Loss) for the year			7,12,58,871
	****	(2,07,41,695)	(3,09,00,750)
Earnings per equity share[nominal value of share ₹10 (31st March 2016: ₹10)]	27		
Basic		(9.88)	(13.00)
Diluted		(9.88)	(13.00)
		(2.00)	(13.00)

Summary of significant accounting policies 2.1 The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements As per our report of even date

For SRBC & COLLP

Chartered Accountants

ICA/Tirm Registration No.: 324982E/E300003

per Jayesh Candhi

Partner

Place: Mumbai

Date: 29th May 2017

Membership No.: 37924

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of West Pioneer Properties (India) Private Limited

Dr.Shatadru Sengupta

Director

DIN No. 00291695

Sanjay Soni

Director

DIN No. 01048644

Sundeep Kumar

CFO

Minal Kardile Company Secretary

Place: Mumbai

Date: 29th May 2017

West Pioneer Properties (India) Private Limited		
Cash flow statement for the year ended 31st March, 2017	For the year ended 31st March, 2017	For the year ended 31st March, 2016
Cash flow from operating activities	₹	₹
(Loss) before tax	(2,07,41,695)	/2 00 00 gen
Adjustments to reconcile loss before tax to net cash flows	(0,01,11,055)	(3,09,00,750
Depreciation/amortization	6,08,12,487	5,75,92,411
Profit on sale of fixed assets	. , ., ., .	(11,589
Provision for doubtful debt/bad debt write off Write back of balances	5,98,963	57,90,529
Interest expense	(4,82,821)	(4,46,216
Interest (income)	5,86,18,624	7,12,58,871
Interest received on Income Tax refund	(27,05,317)	(1,29,88,691
Dividend (income)	(59,91,793)	(74,737
Operating profit before working capital changes	(7,97,419)	(7,94,582
Movements in working capital:	8,93,11,029	8,94,25,246
Increase/(Decrease) in trade payables		, , , , , , ,
Increase/(Decrease) in provisions	1,11,93,832	(33,85,026)
Increase/(Decrease) in other current liabilities	1,43,417	(3,17,079
Increase in other long-term liabilities	3,63,97,899	(9,05,21,205
(Increase)/Decrease in trade receivables	16,04,721	68,46,167
(Increase)/Decrease in inventories	(1,50,29,962)	67,50,325
Decrease/(Increase) in tong-term loans and advances	(26,49,42,227)	16,87,20,755
Decrease in short-term loans and advances	17,80,585	(8,00,663)
Decrease in other current assets	80,53,996	5,36,89,149
Cash (used in) / generated from operations	1,47,44,668	31,83,670
Direct taxes paid (net of refunds)	(11,67,42,042)	23,35,91,338
Net cash flow (used in) generated from operating activities (A)	3,73,17,237	1,62,003
	(7,94,24,805)	23,37,53,342
Cash flows from investing activities		
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets		83,743
Purchase of fixed assets, including CWIP and capital advances	(5,49,12,180)	(6,14,05,538)
Purchase of current and non current investments	(27,35,35,000)	(57,23,76,879)
Dividend received	7,97,419	7,94,582
Proceeds from sale/maturity of current investments	26,90,35,000	31,64,47,137
Bank deposit (having original materity of more than three months)	-	56,65,891
Interest received	51,41,908	1,18,78,561
Interest received on Income Tax refund	59,91,793	74,737
Net cash flow (used in) investing activities (B)	(4,74,81,060)	(29,88,37,766)
Cash flows from financing activities	(4, 4, 1,000)	(42,00,37,700)
Proceeds from long-term borrowings		
Repayment of long-term borrowings	1,18,35,59,246	33,50,02,951
Proceeds from short-term borrowings	(93,99,16,519)	(8,45,35,560)
Repayment of short-term borrowings	95,79,00,000	7,35,00,000
Interest paid	(97,58,00,000)	(10,94,00,000)
Net cash flow from financing activities (C)	(11,87,45,131)	(13,10,37,494)
	10,69,97,596	8,35,29,897
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents (A + B + C)	(1,99,08,269)	1,84,45,473
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	2,83,79,614	99,34,141
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	84,71,345	2,83,79,614
Components of cash and cash equivalents		-105/17014
Cash on hand	6,00,711	
With banks- on current account	78,70,634	5,36,143
With banks - in Bank deposit restricted (Refer Note 19)	40,00,000	2,78,43,471
Total cash and bank balance	1,24,71,345	1,74,05,435
Less: Fixed deposits not considered as eash equivalents	40,00,000	4,57,85,049
Cash and cash equivalents in cash flow statement	84,71,345	1,74,05,435
Summary of significant accounting policies (Refer Note 2.1)		2,83,79,614

As per our report of even date

For S R B C & CO LLP

Chartered Accountants
ICA/ Firm Registration No.: 324982E/E300003

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per Jayeste Ginillil

Membership No.: 37924

Place: Mumbai Date: 29th May 2017 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of West Pioneer Properties (India) Privated imited

----pf---Dr.Shatadra Sengupta Director

DIN No. 00291695

Sundeep Kumar

CFO

Place: Mumbai

Saniay Soni Director

DIN No. 01048644 Mina

Minal Kardite Company Secretary

Date : 29th May 2017



Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2017

1 Corporate Information

West Pioneer Properties (India) Private Limited is engaged in construction and management of shopping malls, development and sale of residential property and intends to develop mixed use property in India. The Company is also engaged in the business of operating Pamily Entertainment Centers (Game Zone) under brand name as "Zingeria". While Westfiled Entertainment Private Limited is a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, its own equity capital is held and wholly owned by Winmore Leasing and Holdings Limited (Holding Company).

2 Basis of Preparation

The financial statements of the Company are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in India (Indian GAAP). The Company has prepared these financial statements to comply in all material respects with the Accounting Standards notified under Section Amendment Rules, 2013, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules 2014 and Companies (Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2016. The financial statements have been prepared on an accrual busis and under the historical cost convention.

The accounting policies adopted in preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those of the previous year, except for changes disclosed separately, if any.

2.1 Summary of significant accounting policies

(a) Use of Estimates

Preparation of financial statements in conformity with Indian GAAP requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of revenue, expenses, assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent liabilities at end of the reporting period. Although these estimates are based upon management's best knowledge of current events and actions, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in the outcomes requiring adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets or liabilities in future periods.

(b) Presentation of and Disclosure in Financial Statements

Assets and liabilities are classified as Current and Non Current as per the Company's normal operating cycle and other criteria setout in Schedule III of the Companies Act 2013. Based on nature of activity carried out by the Company and the period between the procurement and realisation in cash and cash equivalents, the Company ascertains its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of Current Non-Current classification of assets and liabilities.

(c) Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment, capital work-in-progress are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. Cost comprises purchase price and any attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use. Any trade discounts and rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase price. When significant parts of plant and equipment are require to be replaced at intervals, the Company depreciates them separately based on their specific useful lives.

All other repair and maintenance costs are recognised in profit or loss as incurred. Items of stores and spares that meet the definition of property, plant and equipment are capitalized at cost and depreciated over their useful lives. Otherwise, such items are classified as inventories. Gains or losses arising from derecognition of property, plant and equipment are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset are recognized in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognized.

The Company identifies and determines cost of each component part of the asset separately, if the component part has a cost which is significant to the total cost of the asset and has useful life that is materially different from that of the remaining asset.

Property, plant and equipment held for sale is valued at lower of their earrying amounts and net realizable values. Any write-down is recognized in the Stalement of Profit and Loss.

(d) Depreciation on Property, Plant and Equipment

Leasehold land is amortized on a straight line basis over the period of lease, i.e. 63 years.

Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis using useful lives as specified in Schedule II of the Companies Act 2013, except on below mentioned assets. Useful lives of the following assets are estimated by the Management on basis of technical evaluation.

Asset type	e management on basis of technical evaluation .
, roset type	Useful life estimated by the management (years)
Mall Fit outs	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
Building	. 10
Plant & Machinery (Gaming Equipments)	30
to the state of th	5

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

(e) Intangible Assets

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Internally generated intangible assets, excluding capitalized development costs, are not capitalized and the expenditure is reflected in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the year in which the expenditure is incurred.





Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2017

Intangible assets are amortized on a straight line basis over their estimated useful economic lives. The Company uses a rebuttable presumption that the useful life of an intangible asset will not exceed ten years from the date when the asset is available for use. If persuasive evidence exists to the affect that useful life of an intangible asset exceeds ten years, the Company amortizes the intangible asset over the best estimate of its useful life. Such intangible assets as not yet available for use are tested for impairment annually, either individually or at the cash-generating unit level. All other intangible assets are assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired.

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the asset is derecognized.

A summary of amortization policies applied to the Company's intangible assets is as below;

Computer Software

6 years

(f) Impairment of Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible Assets

The carrying amounts of assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date, if there is any indication of impairment based on internal/external factors. An impairment loss is recognized wherever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. Recoverable amount is greater of the asset's net selling price and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated fluture cash flows are discounted to their present value at the weighted average cost of capital.

After impairment, depreciation is provided on the revised carrying amount of the asset over its remaining useful life.

(g) Lease:

Where the Company is the Lessee

Leases where lesser effectively retains substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership of the leased item, are classified as operating leases. Operating lease payments are recognized as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Where the Company is the Lessor

Leases in which the Company does not transfer substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership of the asset are classified as operating leases. Assets subject to operating leases are included in fixed assets. Lease income is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss on a straight-line basis over the non-cancellable period of the lease term. Costs, including depreciation are recognized as expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Initial direct costs such as legal costs, brokerage costs, etc. are recognized immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

(h) Investments

Investments which are readily realizable and intended to be held for not more than a year are classified as current investments. All other investments are classified as long-term investments. Current investments are carried at lower of cost and fair value determined on an individual investment basis. Long-term investments are carried at cost. However, provision for diminution in value is made to recognize a decline other than temporary in the value of such investments.

On disposal of an investment, the difference between its carrying amount and net disposal proceeds is charged or credited to the Statement of Profit and Loss.

(i) Inventories

Inventories are valued at lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost comprising of cost of construction/development and of materials is determined on FIFO basis.

Direct expenditure relating to development activities of properties under construction is inventorised. Indirect expenditure (including borrowing costs) during the construction period is inventorised to the extent the expenditure is directly related to construction. Other indirect expenditure (including borrowing costs) incurred during the year not related to the construction activity is charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss. Costs incurred/ items purchased specifically for projects are taken as consumed as and when incurred/ received. Inventories include construction work-in-progress is valued at cost, which comprises of cost of land, materials, services and other overheads related to projects under construction.

Raw materials, components, stores and spares are valued at lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on FIFO basis.

(j) Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognized to the extent it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured.

Lease revenue arising from operating leases is accounted for on a straight line basis over the non cancellable period of the lease term. Straight Line lease rentals are shown in Revenue from Operations. These are unbilled receivables under other current assets and advances. Turnoverbased rents are recorded as income in the year in which they are carned. Common Area Maintenance recoveries from Licensees are recognized as income in the year in which the related costs are incurred.

Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2017

Revenue from properties under construction for sale is recognised on the "percentage of completion method". Sale consideration as per duly executed agreements to sell / application forms (containing salient terms of agreement to sell) is recognised as revenue based on the percentage of actual project costs incurred thereon to total estimated project cost. Estimated project cost includes cost of land/ development rights, borrowing costs, overheads, estimated construction and development cost of such properties. Estimates of saleable area and costs are reviewed periodically and effect of any changes in such estimates is recognised in the period in which such changes are determined. However, when the total project cost is estimated to exceed total revenues from the project, loss is recognised immediately. Revenue for Game zone is recognised when it is carned and no significant uncertainty exists as to its realization or collection.

All other revenues are recognized on an accrual basis.

Interes

Revenue is recognised on a time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and the rate applicable. Interest income is included under the head other income in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Dividends

Revenue is recognised when the Company's right to receive payment is established by the balance sheet date.

(k) Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs consist of interest and amortization of ancillary costs incurred in connection with arrangement of borrowings.

Borrowing costs directly attributable to acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get rendy for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of cost of the respective asset. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period they are incurred.

(l) Foreign Currency Translations

(i) Initial Recognition

Foreign currency transactions are recorded in the reporting currency, by applying to the foreign currency amount the exchange rate between the reporting currency and the foreign currency at the date of the transaction.

(ii) Conversion

Foreign currency monetary items are reported using the closing rate. Non-monetary items which are carried in terms of historical cost denominated in a foreign currency are reported using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction; and non-monetary items which are carried at fair value or other similar valuation denominated in a foreign currency are reported using the exchange rates that existed when the values were determined.

(lii) Exchange Differences

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items or on Company's monetary items at rates different from those at which they were initially recorded during the year, or reported in previous financial statements, are recognised as income or as expense in the year in which they arise.

(m) Retirement and other employee benefits

Retirement benefit in the form of Provident Fund is a defined contribution scheme and contributions thereto are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss of the year when the contributions to the fund are due. There are no other obligations other than contribution payable to the fund.

Gratuity liability is a defined benefit plan towards retirement benefits, covering substantially all employees. The benefit is unfunded. Cost of providing benefits under the defined benefit plan is determined using the projected unit credit actuarial valuation method.

Actuarial gains / losses are immediately taken to Statement of Profit and Loss and are not deferred.

(n) Income taxes

Tax expense comprises of current and deferred taxes. Current income tax is measured at the amount expected to be paid to the tax authorities in accordance with the Indian income Tax Act. Deferred income tax reflects the impact of current year timing differences between taxable income and accounting income for the year and reversal of timing differences of earlier years.

Deferred tax is measured based on tax rates and tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset, if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to taxes on income levied by same governing taxation laws. Deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent that there is reasonable certainty that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realized. In situations where the company has unabsorbed depreciation or carry forward tax iosses, all deferred tax assets are recognised only if there is virtual certainty supported by convincing evidence that they can be realised against future taxable profits.

At each balance sheet date, the Company re-assesses its unrecognized deferred tax assets. It recognizes unrecognized deferred tax assets to the extent that it has become reasonably certain or virtually certain, as the case may be that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realized.

Carrying amounts of deferred tax assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date. The Company writes-down the carrying amount of a deferred tax asset to the extent that it is no longer reasonably certain or virtually certain, as the case may be, that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which deferred tax asset can be realized. Any such write-down is reversed to the extent that it becomes reasonably certain or virtually certain, as the case may be, that sufficient future taxable income will be available.



Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2017

(o) Expenditure on New Projects and Substantial Expansion

Expenditure directly relating to construction activity is capitalized. Indirect expenditure incurred during construction period is capitalized as part of indirect construction cost to the extent to which the expenditure is indirectly related to construction or is incidental thereto. Other indirect expenditure (including borrowing costs) incurred during the construction period which is not related to construction activity nor is incidental thereto is charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss. Income earned during construction period is deducted from total of the indirect expenditure.

All direct capital expenditure on expansion is capitalized. As regards indirect expenditure on expansion, only that portion is capitalized which represents marginal increase in such expenditure involved as a result of capital expansion. Both direct and indirect expenditure are capitalized only if they increase value of the asset beyond its original standard of performance.

(p) Segment Reporting Policy

Identification of Segments:

The Company's operating businesses are organized and managed separately according to the nature of products and services provided, with each segment representing a strategic business unit that offers different products and serves different markets. Analysis of geographical segments is based on the areas in which major operating divisions of the Company operate.

Inter segment Transfers:

The Company generally accounts for inter segment sales and transfers as if the sales or transfers were to third parties at current market prices

Allocation of Common Costs:

Common allocable costs are allocated to each segment according to the relative contribution of each segment to the total common costs.

Unallocated Items :

Include general corporate income and expense items which are not allocated to any business segment.

Segment Policy:

The Company prepares its segment information in conformity with the accounting policies adopted for preparing and presenting financial statements of the Company as a whole.

(q) Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders after deducting preference dividend and attributable tuxes by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

(1) Provisions

A provision is recognised for a present obligation as a result of past event; if it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, in respect of which a reliable estimate can be made. Provisions are not discounted to their present value and are determined based on best estimated amount required to settle the obligation at the balance sheet date. These are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect current best estimates.

(s) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of each flow statement comprise each at bank and in hand and short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

(t) Contingent Liabilities

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the Company or a present obligation that is not recognized because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. A contingent liability also arises in extremely rare cases where there is a liability that cannot be recognized because it cannot be measured reliably. The Company does not recognize a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the financial statements.

(0) Measurement of EBITDA

As permitted by Schedule III to the Companies Act 2013, the Company has opted to present earnings before finance cost, tax, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA) as a separate line item on the face of the Statement of Profit and Loss. The Company measures EBITDA on the basis of profit / (loss) from continuing operations. In its measurement, the Company does not include depreciation and amortization expense, finance costs and tax expense but includes other income.



3 Share Capital

			As at 31st March, 2017 7	As at 31st March, 2016 7
Authorised				
44,55,476 (31st March, 2016: 44,55,476) Equ			4,45,54,760	4,45,54,760
2,20,88,345 (31st March, 2016: 2,20,88,345) Preference Shares (OCCRPS) of ₹10 each	Optionally Convertible Cumu	lative Redeemable	22,08,83,450	22,08,83,450
2,70,100 (31st March, 2016: 2,70,100) Redec	mable Preference Shares of ₹1	0 each	27,01,000	27,01,000
36,96,079 (31st March, 2016: 36,96,079) Une	classified Shares of ₹10 each		3,69,60,790	3,69,60,790
Issued, subscribed and paid-up		**	30,51,00,000	30,51,00,000
44,55,476 (31st March, 2016: 44,55,476) Equ	nity Shares of ₹10 each fully po	nid up	4,45,54,760	4,45,54,760
2,20,88,345 (31st March, 2016; 2,20,88,345 dividend at the rate of bank rate plus 2%, refe) OCCRPS of ₹10 each fully r Note 3 (c)]	paid up [carrying	22,08,83,450	22,08,83,450
2,70,100 (31st March, 2016; 2,70,100) Redeup [carrying dividend at nil rate, refer Note 3	emable Preference Shares of ₹ (d)}	10 each fully paid	27,01,000	27,01,000
Total Issued, Subscribed and Paid-up Capi	tal		26,81,39,210	26,81,39,210
(a) Reconciliation of shares outstanding at Equity shares	beginning and at end of the r	eporting year		
	31st March,	2017	31st March	h, 2016
	No.	₹	No.	₹
At beginning of the year	44,55,476	4,45,54,760	44,55;476	4,45,54,760
Outstanding at end of the year	44,55,476	4,45,54,760	44,55,476	4,45,54,760
Prefetence shares- OCCRPS				
	31st March, 2	2017	31st Marel	ı, 2016
	No.	₹	No.	₹
At beginning of the year	2,20,88,345	,22,08,83,450	2,20,88,345	22,08,83,450
Outstanding at end of the year	2,20,88,345	22,08,83,450	2,20,88,345	22,08,83,450
Redeemable Proference shares			•	
•	31st March, 2	2017	31st Marci	ı, 2016
	No.	₹	No.	₹
At beginning of the year	2,70,100	27,01,000	2,70,100	27,01,000
Outstanding at end of the year	2,70,100	27,01,000	2,70,100	27.01.000

(b) Terms/ Rights attached to Equity Shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having par value of \$10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one you per share. The Company declares and pays dividends in Indian rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

For the year ended 31st March, 2017, no dividend is proposed to be paid to the equity shareholders (31st March, 2016; Nit).

In the event of liquidation of the Company, holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares hold by the shareholders.

(c) Terms of Conversion/Redemption of OCCRPS

The Company has issued 2,20,88,345 OCCRPS of ₹10 each. As per terms of the allotment, the Company shall declare and pay dividends and all unpaid dividends, if any, subject to the Company having distributable profits in accordance with provisions of Section 123 of the Companies Act, 2013. Dividend rate shall be subject to revision every year on basis of Bank rate prevailing as on 31st March, immediately preceding the date of meeting of the Company's Board of Directors at which the Balance Sheet and Statement of Profit and Loss pertaining to the relevant financial year are approved by the Board. The rate of dividend will be such Bank Rate plus 2%, provided that in no case the dividend rate shall exceed 10% p.a. The dividend rate is 8.75% for the year ended March, 2017 (31st March, 2016: 9.75%).





Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2017

Each holder of OCCRPS can opt to convert its preference shares into equity shares on a date not being beyond expiry of the 19th anniversary of the respective Date of Issue i.e. 30th April 2007 and 19th December 2010. If a holder exercises the conversion option, the Company will issue 1 equity share for each preference share held.

If OCCRPS holders do not exercise their conversion option, all preference shares will be redeemable at end of the 19th anniversary from the date of issue. In event of liquidation of the Company before conversion/ redemption of OCCRPS, holders of OCCRPS will have priority over equity shares in payment of dividend and repayment of capital.

(d) Terms of Conversion/Redemption of Redeemable Preference Shares

The Company has issued 2,70,100 Preference shares of ₹10 each.

The preference shares do not carry right to dividend. Also, they carry right to vote only in accordance with provisions of section 47 of the Companies Act, 2013.

Redemption of Redeemable Preference Shares:

l. At option of the Company:

The preference shares would be redeemable at any time within 20 years from the date of issue at the option of the Company by giving a 48 hours prior written notice to the holder(s) at the redemption price calculated based on Internal Rate of Return (IRR) of 11% compounded annually from the date of receipt of the last call money till the date of redemption.

ii. At option of the Preference Shareholders:

The preference shares would be redeemable at any time within 20 years from the date of issue at the option of the holders by giving a 15 days prior written notice to the Company at a redemption price as per the specified rates compounded annually from the date of receipt of last call money till the date of redemption.

(e) Shares held by Holding Company

Out of the equity and preference shares issued by the Company, the shares held by its holding company are as below:

	As at 31st March, 2017	As at 31st March, 2016
Winnore Leasing and Holdings Limited, the holding company	₹	₹
44,55,476 (31st March, 2016: 44,55,476) Equity Shares of ₹10 each	4,45,54,760	4,45,54,760
2,20,88,333 (31st March, 2016: 2,20,88,333) OCCRPS of ₹10 each	22,08,83,330	22,08,83,330
	26,54,38,090	26,54,38,090

The holding company has 100% shareholding including 50 shares representing 0.01% held by individuals as nominee holders.

(f) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the company

		31st March, 20		31st March,	the state of the s
			% holding in		% holding in
m	Equity Change of \$10 4	No.	the class	No.	the class
(i)					1.
	Winmore Leasing and Holdings Limited (Holding Company)	44,55,476	100.00%	44,55,476	100.00%
					1. 1. 1.
(ii)	OCCRPS of ₹10 each fully paid				1 1, 1
	Winmore Lensing and Holdings Limited (Holding Company)	2,20,88,333	99.99%	2,20,88,333	99.99%
(iii)	Redeemable Preference Shares of ₹10 each				
	Amit Jatia (HUF)	64,000	23.7%	64,000	23.7%
	Surendra Kumar Mohatta	55,000	20.4%	55,000	
	Gauray Mohatta	35,100	13.0%		15 4 20.4%
	West Leisure Resorts Limited	•		35,100	13.0%
		25,000	9.3%	25,000	9.3%
	Smita Jutia jointly with Amit Jatia	25,000	9.3%	25,000	9.3%
	Ishita Mohatta	20,000	7.4%	20,000	7.4%
	Usha Devi Jatia jointly with Banwarilal Jatia	16,500	6.1%	16,500	6.1%

As per records of the Company including its register of shareholders/members and other declarations received from share holders regarding beneficial interest, the above shareholding represents both legal and beneficial ownership of shares.



Reserves and Surplus

Securities Premium	As at 31st March, 2017 7	As at 31st March, 2016 7
Balance as per last financial statements	1,77,75,06,313	1,77,75,06,313
Closing Balance	1,77,75,86,313	1,77,75,06,313
Surplus / (Deficit) in Statement of Profit and Loss Balance as per last Financial Statements (Loss) for the year Net Deficit in the Statement of Profit and Loss	(73,12,93,546) (2,07,41,695) (75,20,35,241)	(70,03,92,796) (3,09,00,750) (73,12,93,546)
Total Reserves and Surplus	1,02,54,71,072	1,04,62,12,767
Languterm Rangoudings		

Long-term Borrowings	Non-currei As:		Current M	
	31st March, 2017 ₹	31st March, 2016 ₹	31st March, 2017	31st March, 2016
Term Loans			•	•
Indian Rupee Loan from Banks (secured) (Refer (i)(ii)(iii) below)	1,17,27,33,537	66,81,28,381	93,26,580	27,02,89,010
Other Loans and Advances				
Loan (Unsecured) (Refer (iv) below)	26,08,00,000	26,08,00,000	7	_
	1,43,35,33,537	92,89,28,381	93,26,580	27,02,89,010
The above amounts include				
Secured Borrowings (Refer (i),(ii),(iii)) below	1,17,27,33,537	66,81,28,381	93,26,580	27,02,89,010
Unsecured Borrowings (Refer (iv)) below	26,08,00,000	26,08,00,000	. ,	,,,
Amount disclosed under the head 'other current liabilities' (Refer Note 10)	-	-	(93,26,580)	(27,02,89,010)
Net amount	1,43,35,33,537	92,89,28,381		
Tarm loous between as as as 24 Answ				

Term loans balance as at March 31, 2017 represents:

(i) Term loan - Lease Rental Discounting availed by the Company in June 2016 at rate of interest equivalent to one year MCLR of the bank. As at 31st March, 2017 the MCLR was 9.75 %. The loan is secured by first charge on the Kalyan Shopping Mail and hypothecation of Lease Receivables from the said property. The loan is repayable from July 2016 to June 2028.

Schedule of Repayment of Loan:

	Jist wanten, 2017	Sisi Marca, 2016
Not love they are a con-	· **	₹
Not later than one year	88,93,118	4,25,00,000
Later than one year but not later than five years	13,12,64,002	25,00,00,000
Later than 5 years	88,27,15,369	41,75,00,000
	1,02,28,72,489	71,00,00,000

(ii) Term loan taken in March 2017 at rate of interest equivalent to Six Month MCLR of the bank plus 1.45%. As at 31st March, 2017 the rate of interest was 11.15%. The loan is secured by a first charge on the land, buildings and hypothecation of receivables of Metro Grande at Kalyan The loan is repayable from June 2020 to March, 2022 in eight equal quarterly installments

Schedule of Repayment of Loan:

Not lates then any any	31st March, 2017 ; ₹	31st March, 2016	
Not later than one year Later than one year but not later than five years Later than 5 years	22,74,00,000 15,85,59,246		
	15,85,59,246	22,74,00,000	

The Company does not have any continuing defaults in repayment of the loans and interest as at the reporting date.

(iii) Indian Rupce Lean from Banks includes Lean from Kotak Mahindra amounting to ₹ 6,28,382 (31st March, 2016 : 10,17,391) which is secured by an exclusive charge by way of hypothecation of a vehicle and is repayable in 35 equated monthly instalments.

Schedale of Repayment of Loan :

	31st March, 2017	31st March, 2016
Not later than one year	₹	₹ .
Later than one year but not later than five years	4,33,462	3,89,0,10
Later than 5 years	1,94,920	6,28,381
······································		
	6,28,382	10,17,391

Total

e year but not later than five years	1,94,920	6,28,381
	6,28,382	10,17,391
	1,18,20,60,117	93,84,17,391
	QERTIES	*





31st March, 2017

West Pioneer Properties (India) Private Limited Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2017

(iv) Other loans and advances balance as at 31st March, 2017 represents Unsecured Loan taken in January 2016. The loan is interest-free and is repayable after March 2019.

Deferred Taxes

Deferred Tax Liabilities	As at 31st March, 2017 र	As at 31st March, 2016 ₹
Differences between book and tax depreciation Lease rentals taxable on receipt basis	8,14,96,906 1,64,345	11,87,76,351 6,48,808
Deferred Tux Assets	8,16,61,251	11,94,25,159
Provision for doubtful debts Unabsorbed depreciation Unabsorbed capital toss Expenditure deductible on actual payment	39,89,193 8,14,96,906 15,71,34,127 5,52,098	86,86,713 11,87,76,351 15,71,34,127 5,07,782
Deferred Tax Assets (net)	24,31,72,324 16,15,11,073	28,51,04,973 16,56,79,814
Deferred tax assets/(liability) recognized		
ng		*

The projects of the Company being capital intensive may not generate reasonable profits in the foreseeable future and hence Deferred Tax assets on carry forward losses have not been recognised.

Other Long-Term Liabilities

Potentian March	As at 31st March, 2017 ₹	As at 31st March, 2016 ₹
Retention Monies Others	35,03,648	55,41,333
Security Deposits Received	7,24,23,382	6,87,80,976
Provisions	7,59,27,630	7,43,22,309

x 1 0 7 1 5 1 0 11 5				
	As at		. As at	
	31st March, 20	117	31st March, 20	16
•	Long term	Short term	Long term	Short term
	, e	₹ .	₹.	3
Provision for Employee Benefits		•	• •	`
Provision for Gratuity (Refer note 33)	17,06,809	79,916	15,59,814	83,494
	17,06,809	79,916	15,59,814	83,494
Short Town Barrandage	<u></u>			923174

Short Term Borrowings

	As at 31st March, 2017 T	As at 31st March, 2016
Interest @ 11.50% (31st March, 2016 - 11.50%) on unsecured Loan repayable on demand		1,79,00,000
Other Current Linbilities	**************************************	1,79,00,000
	å a	

		As at 31st March, 2017	As at 1 1, 1, 3 31st March, 2016
	Trade Payables (Refer note 38 for details of dues to Micro and Small Enterprises)	5,22,65,570	₹ ' 4,15,54,559
	Other Liabilities	-1(10,070	4,10,04,000
σú	Current Maturities of Long-Term Borrowings (Refer note 5)	07.00.000	

rrade Payables (Refer note 38 for details of dues to Micro and Small Enterprises)	5,22,65,570	4,15,54,559
Other Liabilities		3,70,01,007
Current Maturities of Long-Term Borrowings (Refer note 5)	93,26,580	27.02.00.010
Overdrawn Bank balance - book debts		27,02,89,010
Capital Creditors	17,42,467	21,54,177
Interest Accrued But Not Due on Borrowings	1,43,34,729	33 1;59,05,697
Security Deposits Received	•	45,557
· ·	43,53,267	57,43,523
Retention Money	1,80,18,044	1,87,45,590
Revenue Billed in advance	7.03.864	15,14,549
Advances from Customers and Clients	9,95,17,141	5,39,12,281
Statutory Dues Payable	1,92,68,796	1,86,00,998
Salary Payable		, . ,
Other Payables (Incl. facility money collected from customers and clients)	58,59,795	56,93,072
Amount due to customers - unearned revenue on sale of property	2,13,90,360	1,25,10,394
and the distribute a minimized to being the property	5,83,72,199	7,23,82,282
STATE OF THE STATE	25,28,87,242	47,74,97,330

51,90,51,889

30,51.52,812



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West Pioneer Properties (India) Private Limited Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2017

11 Property, Plant and Equipment

	Computer	Office Equipment	Forniture & Fixtures	Freehold Land Leasehold Land	easehold Land	Mall fitouts	Building	Vehicles	Płant & Machinery	Total
Cost or collection										
Cost of Faluation										
At 1st April 2015	57,09,238	36,92,361	9,55,57,168	4,83,31,179	1,60,67,924	5,41,20,204	83,62,12,867	13.59,755	26,39,01,184	1 32 49 51 880
Additions	1,53,800	2,03,489				2,78,95,572	92,42,221	17,55,180	19 18 232	4 11 68 494
Transfer from Inventory to Asset	•	į	1		,		J			
Disposals	(1,25,500)									(1.25 500)
At 31 March, 2016	57,37,538	38,95,850	9,55,57,168	4,83,31,179	1,60,67,924	8,20,15,776	84,54,55,088	31.14.935	26.58.19.416	1 36 59 94 874
Additions	11,27,586	87,517	58,08,665			11,74210	92.55.446		4 11 89 109	5 8K 47 533
Transfer from inventory to Asset										77762 50060
Disposals										' (
At 31 March, 2017	68,65,124	39,83,367	10,13,65,833	4,83,31,179	1,60,67,924	8,31,89,986	85,47,10,534	31,14,935	30,70,08,525	1,42,46,37,407
Depreciation										
At 1st April 2015	49,21,636	26,49,734	8,78,27,367	•	2,55,046	79,50,132	10,55,99,900	13,714	7,45,62,024	28.37,79,493
Charge for the year	5,43,836	3,46,232	5,23,731		2,55,046	64,60,032	3,00,79,538	2,69,839	1,90,36,520	5.75.14.834
Disposals	(53,346)									(53.346)
At 31 March, 2916	.54,12,126	29,95,966	8,83,51,038	1	5,16,092	1,44,10,224	13,56,79,438	2,83,553	9,35,98,544	34,12,40,981
Charge for the year	2,23,321	2,98,634	6,76,292		2,55,046	78,24,177	3,03,53,485	3,69,849	2.06.43.089	6.06.43.943
Disposals									•	*
At 31 March, 2017	55,35,447	32,94,600	8,90,27,330	•	7,65,138	2,22,34,481	16,60,32,923	5,53,452	11,42,41,633	40,18,84,924
Net Block					 - 				TOTAL STREET,	
At 31st Mar, 2016	3,25,412	8,99,884	72,06,130	4,83,31,179	1,55,57,832	6,76,05,552	70,97,75,650	28,31,382	17,22,20,872	1,02,47,53,893
At 31 March, 2017	12,29,677	6.88.767	1.23.38.503	4,83,31,179	1,53,62,786	6,09,55,585	119,77,98,89	24,61,483	19,27,66,892	1,02,27,52,483
Depreciation/Amortisation during the year end	ng the year en	led 31st March	led 31st March, 2017 comprises	S						
(Tharyot to Statement of Profit दे Loss	2,23,321	2,98,634	6,76,292	•	2,55,046	78,24,177	3,03,53,485	3,69,899	2,06,43,089	6,06,43,943
Captalized to Capital Work-in-Progress	,	•	1	t	•	1	ı	,	•	,
Total	2,23,321	2,98.634	6.76.292	٠	2.55.046	78.24,177	3.03.53,485	3.69.899	2,06,43,089	6.06.43.943



West Pioneer Properties (India) Private Limited Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2017

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13

14

Notes to Pinancial Statements for the year ende	ed 31st March, 2017			
Intangible Assets				
			Computer software	Total.
Gross Block			₹	₹
At 1st April 2015			21,58,299	21,58,299
Additions			2,29,421	2,29,421
At 31st March, 2016 Additions			23,87,720	23,87,720
At 31st March, 2017			20,64,123	20,64,123
i		•	44,51,843	44,51,843
Amortization At 1st April 2015				
Charge for the year			18,47,734	18,47,734
At 31st March, 2016			77,577	77,577
Charge for the year			19,25,311	19,25,311
At 31st March, 2017		-	1,68,544 20,93,855	1,68,544
Net block		•	2017010111	201931000
At 31st March, 2016		-	4,62,409	4.62.400
At 31st March, 2017		•	23,57,988	4,62,409
Non-current Investments		-	20101,700	23,57,988
			As at	As at
			31st March, 2017	31st March, 2016
Trade investments (valued at cost unless state			₹	₹
Investment in Subsidiary 59,05,166 (31st March, 2016 : 59,05,166) Eq of Westfield Entertainment Pvt Lid	uity shares of ₹ 10 each f	ulty paid up	26,04,76,879 26,04,76,879	26,04,76,879
Loans and Advances		-	20,04,70,879	26,04,76,879
	Non-cui	rent	Curre	nt
	As a		As ni	•
	31st March, 2017 ₹	31st March, 2016 ₹	31st March, 2017	31st March, 2016
Security Deposits	•	•	₹	₹
Unsecured, considered good	1,01,11,193	1,55,98,993	9,648	9,648
Total	1,01,11,193	1,55,98,993	9,648	9,648
Loans and Advances to Related Parties (Refer Note 29)				
Unsecured, considered good	53,83,810	22.02.010		
Total	53,83,810	33,83,810 33,83,810	*	<u> </u>
Advances Recoverable in each or in kind	,,	00,00,010	•	i de la companya de La companya de la co
Capital Advance	17 47 070			1. 1. 1. 1. 1.
Unsecured, considered good	17,67,078	•	2 05 77 522	and the same
Total	17,67,078		2,05,77,532 2,05,77,532	2,90,13(234),
Other Loans and Advances - Unsecured considered good	,		2,03,11,332	2,90,13,234
-				
Advance Tax paid (net of provision of ₹ Nil (31st March, 2016 ₹ Nil))	4,12,08,904	5,86,03,007	-	4 9
Advance Tax paid (net of provision of ₹ Nil (31st March, 2016 ₹ Nil)) Balances with statutory/government authorities	4,12,08,904	5,86,03,007	- 1.04,921	62:079
(31st March, 2016 ₹ Nil))	4,12,08,904 - 1,28,845	5,86,03,007	1,04,921 21,94,948	62:079 18,56,084

4,13,37,749 5,85,99,830 5,87,91,715 7,77,74,518



Total

Total



19,18,163 3,09,41,045

22,99,869 2,28,87,049

15 Trade Receivables

	As at 31st March, 2017 र	As at 31st March, 2016 ₹
Outstanding for a period exceeding six months from the date they became due for payment		
Secured, considered good	56,96,986	1,03,94,233
Unsecured, considered good	4,02,80,408	4,65,30,493
Doubtful	1,13,22,008	2,13,99,866
Total	5,72,99,401	7,83,24,592
Provision for Doubtful Receivables	(1,13,22,008)	(2,13,99,866)
Total (A)	4,59,77,393	5,69,24,726
Other Receivables		
Secured, considered good	1,93,75,435	1,98,97,633
Unsecured, considered good	3,20,03,974	2,60,26,579
Doubtful	15,88,001	67,12,474
Total	5,29,67,410	5,26,36,686
Provision for Doubtful Receivables	(15,88,001)	(67,12,474)
Total (B)	5,13,79,409	4,59,24,212
Total (A) + (B)	9,73,56,802	.10,28,48,937

16 Other Assets

	Non-cui	rent	Curre	nt
	As at		As at	
	31st March, 2017	31st March, 2016	31st March, 2017	31st March, 2016
	₹	₹	₹	₹
Unsecured, considered good unless stated otherwise				
Fixed Deposits (refer note 19)		-	15,00,000	1,49,05,435
Unamortised Expenditure Unamortised Anciliary Borrowing Cost	97,03,833	79,00,313	19,43,000	30,19,675
Others Accrued Income			621.04	
Others* (Refer note 29)	. •	•	5,31,861	20,99,704
Total		•	12,99,378	35,07,359
10(8)	97,03,833	79,00,313	52,74,239	2,35,32,173

^{*}Others include interest of ₹ 10,45,421 (31st March, 2016 : ₹5,07,358) accrued on Loans and Advances to a Related Party.

17 Inventories

	As at 31st March, 2017	As at 31st March, 2016
Construction Material Construction Work-in-Progress Stores and Spares	* 14,00,206 1,46,58,87,178 15,11.497	7 / / / 19,03,828 1,15,45,75;006, 6,87,547
Total	1,46,87,98,881	1,15,71,65,581

18 Current Investments

Current Investments (valued at lower of cost and fair value) Unquoted Equity Instruments		As at 31st March, 2017 ₹	As at 31st March, 2016
1 (31st March, 2016 : 1) share of ₹ 10 fully paid up in Investments and Trading Limited	Hawcoplast	22	22
2989.87 (31st March, 2016 : Nil) units having NAV of ₹ 1003.385 e Market Fund	ach in UTI Money	30,00,000	•
14970.896 (31st March, 2016 : Nif) units having NAV of ₹ 100.1950 Cash Plus	each in Birla Sun Life	15,00,000	
A	•	45,00,022	122/





Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2017

Cash and Cash Equivalents

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•	Non cu As:		Curre As a	
	31st March, 2017 ₹	31st March, 2016 ₹	31st March, 2017 ₹	31st March, 2016 ₹
Cash on hand	•		6,00,711	5,36,143
Balances with banks.			21001111	4,50,115
- On current accounts		•	78,70,634	2.78.43.471
\$			84,71,345	2,83,79,614
Other bank balances - Deposits with remaining maturity of more than 12 months *		•	तम् इत् इत्यम् 	<i>2</i> ,0 <i>3</i> ,7 <i>9</i> ,014
- Deposits with remaining maturity of less than 12 months *		-	15,00,000	1,49,05,435
- Margin money deposit **	-	•	25,00,000	25,00,000
		-	40,00,000	1,74,05,435
Amount disclosed under current assets (Refer note 16)	•	•	(15,00,000)	(1,49,05,435)
Balance			25,00,000	25,00,000
Total		•	1,09,71,345	3.08.79.614

* The fixed deposits are created for the Debt Service Reserve Account. As per terms of Term Loan Agreement, the Company shall maintain Debt Service Reserve Account amount equivalent to 1 months interest.

**Margin money deposits given as security

Margin money deposits with a carrying amount of ₹10,00,000 (31st March, 2016: ₹10,00,000) are subject to lien with Maharashtra Pollution Control Board, Kalyan

Margin money deposits with a carrying amount of ₹5,00,000 (31st March, 2016: ₹5,00,000) are subject to fien with Maharashtra Pollution Control Board for Kalyan Mail

Margin money deposits with a carrying amount of ₹10,00,000 (31st March, 2016: ₹10,00,000) are subject to lien with Maharashtra Pollution Control Board, Aurangabad

20 Revenue from Operations

	For year ended 31st March, 2017	For year ended 31st March, 2016
Sales- Property Development - (Refer Note 32)	7,29,05,427	32,10,75,287
Lease Revenue	7,08,49,816	6,54,84,958
Lease Straightlining	(15,67,843)	(38,42,720)
Revenue Share	10,95,79,370	9,91,93,007
Other Operating Income *	11,12,80,356	15.93.63.249
Salus - Game zone **	30,90,270	17
Total	36,61,37,396	64,13,73,782
* Other operating income includes property tax amounting to ₹ 29,38,190 (31st March, 2016:		7.73

60,83,584) recovered towards Kalyan Mall

** Sales - Game zone is net of taxes

21 Other Income

	31st March, 2017 ₹	31st March, 2016
Interest on		7
bank deposits	20,72,168	16,27,606
others	6,33,149	1,13,61,085
Dividend income on investments	7,97,419	7,94,582
Other income *	1,05,15,355	32,10,033
Total	1,40,18,091	1,69,93,306

* Other Income includes Income Tax Refund of ₹ 59,91,793 (31st March, 2016; 74,737)





22 Cost of Construction of Properties

	For year ended 31st March, 2017	For year ended 31st March, 2016
Inventory at Beginning of the year	114447000	₹
Add: Project Related Expenses	1,15,64,78,034	1,27,72,40,335
The state of the s	40,29,78,108	18,79,61,118
Less: Inventory at end of the year	1,55,94,56,142	1,46,52,01,453
	1,46,72,87,384	1,15,64,78,034
Cost of Construction of Properties	9,21,68,758	30,87,23,419
Details of Cost of Construction of Properties		
Development Costs Consultancy & Architect Fees	49,15,141	10,54,52,690
	8,66,497	27,28,741
Civil Work & Expenses to Contractors	6,59,56,068	13,49,05,737
Miscellaneous Expenses	2,04,31,052	6,56,36,251
Total	9,21,68,758	30,87,23,419

23 Employee Benefits Expense

Employee Detected Expresse	For year ended 31st March, 2017 7	For year ended 31st March, 2016 7
Salaries, wages and bonus (net of capitalization and inventorised ₹ 2,53,88,719 (Previous year : ₹ 2,78,83,015)	3,73,09,127	3,41,34.288
Contribution to Provident and other Funds Gratuity Expense (Refer note 33) Staff Welfare Expenses Total	13,24,709 8,17,721 6,77,094 4,01,28,651	11,31,769 4,75,961 5,98,430 3,63,40,448

24 Other Expenses

	ror year ended	For year ended
	31st March, 2017	31st March, 2016
Davis and Mark	₹	₹ .
Power and Fuel	5,66,35,494	11,24,17,531
Water Charges	11,04,912	10,52,806
Rent	1,00,31,699	97,53,020
Rates and Taxes *	1,04,14,882	1,04,94,028
Insurance	15,82,892	17.03.374
Repairs and Maintenance	1,73,04,261	2,03,61,810
Advertising and Sales Promotion	1,01.04,347	1.67,61,717
Brokerage and Discounts	2,00,000	9,31,400
Travelling and Conveyance	24,79,960	23,55,2781
Communication Costs	7,46,619	. 8,36,402
Printing and Stationery	7,20,897	7,22,744
Legal and Professional Fees	1,51,07,756	96,63,157
Payment to Auditors (Refer Note 37)	8,55,799	9,43,173
Utility Management Service Charges	\$7,33,211	52,20,796
Security Charges	1,28,22,318	1,35,55,550
Provision for Doubtful Debts (net) **	5,98,963	57,90,529
Miscellaneous Expenses	27,24,652	26,89,374
Total	14,91,68,662	21,52,52,689
* Rates and Taxos include proporty to a soil and an anti-		

* Rates and Taxes include property tax paid amounting to ₹ 1,01,58,499 (31st March, 2016: 1,04,32,060) towards Kalyan Mall

25 Depreciation and Amortization Expense

Depreciation of Tangible Assets	
Amortization of Intangible Assets	
Total	

1 0181
GO THUMBOAT OF

For year cuded 31st March, 2017	For year ended 31st March, 2016	
₹	₹ ,	
6,06,43,943	5,75,14,834	
1,68,544	77,577	
6,08,12,487	5,75,92,411	



^{**} Provision for Doubtful Debts is net of ₹.19,48,533/- reversal of excess provision pertaining to previous year (31st March 2016 : ₹ 43,26,751)

Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2017

26 Finance Costs

	For year ended 31st March, 2017	For year ended 31st March, 2016
Interest Expense * Bank Charges Amortization of Ancillary Costs Total	5,27,78,766 2,00,184 56,39,674 5,86,18,624	7 6,80,14,233 84,513 31,60,125 7,12,58,871

* Not of Capitalisation ₹ 5,36,60,624 (31\$t March, 2016: ₹ 6,13,64,213)

27 Earnings Per Share

•	31st March, 2017	31st March, 2016
Loss after Tax ₹ Less: Preference share Dividend and dividend distribution tax ₹ Loss attributable to Equity Shareholders ₹ Weighted average number of Shares Basic and Diluted Earnings per share ₹	(2,07,41,695) 2,32,61,872 (4,40,03,567) 44,55,476 (9.88)	(3,09,00,750) 2,79,41,037 (5,79,41,788) 44,55,476 (13,00)

28 Segment Information

Business Segments:

The Company is involved in construction of shopping malls and leasing commercial space therein in India.

The Company has defined its operations into four major businesses: Retail, Residential and Office Developments for Sale and Warehousing Development. Particulars of the type of products and services provided by each reportable segment are as follows:

Retail Segment includes activities related to construction and leasing of shopping malls and related services, and also Game zone sales (Family Entertainment Centre)

Residential Segment includes activities related to construction and sale of residential premises,

Office Segment includes activities related to construction and sale of commercial premises,

Warehousing Development Segment includes construction and sale of warehousing premises.





West Pioneer Properties (India) Private Limited
Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2017

Year ended 31st March, 2017

REVENUE	Retail	Residential	Office	Warehousing	Un allocable	Total
External Sales	29,32,31,968	5,55,55,910	1 72 40 510			
Total Revenue	29,32,31,968	5,55,55,910	1 , , , , , , , - ,	1		36,61,37,396
RESULT]		, , , , , ,		•	36,61,37,390
Segment Result Unallocated Corporate Expenses	11,91,59,214	(1,00,38,472)	(1.12,41,813)	(30,31,667)		9,48,47,262
Operating Profit Finance Costs	11,91,59,214 4,76,48,593	(1,00,38,472)	(1,12,41,813)	()	7.09,88,424 (7,09,88,424)	2,38,58,838
Other Income Income taxes	23,87,963	1,40,850	-	91,49,824	18,20,207 1,14,89,278	
Profit after Tax from ordinary Activities Extraordinary Item, net	7,38,98,585	(98,97,622)	(1,12,41,813)	(1,21,81,492)	(6,13,19,353)	(2,07,41,695)
Net Profit	7,38,98,585	(98,97,622)	(1,12,41,813)	(1,21,81,492)	- (6,13,19,353)	(2,07,41,695)
Segment Assets	1,21,98,27,436	82,08,50,166	17,71,84,314	60,43,99,381		2,82,22,61,297
Juallocated Corporate Assets					28,77,49,089	28,77,49,089
fotal Assets	1,21,98,27,436	82,08,50,166	17,71,84,314	60,43,99,381	28,77,49,089	3,11,00,10,386
Segment Liabilities Juallocated Corporate Liabilities	74,10,84,255	50,62,11,209	19,56,30,911	9,82,67,182		1,54,11,93,557
Total Liabilities Capital Expenditures	74,10,84,255	50,62,11,209	19,56,30,911	9,82,67,182	27,52,06,547 27,52,06,547	27,52,06,547 1,81,64,00,104
angible Assets stangible Assets	5,44,10,091	19,32,362	-	16,21,649	6,78,431	5,86,42,533
Depreciation	9,83,360 5,86,23,609	7,55,761	-	3,02,358	10,80,763 6,30,759	20,64,123 6,08,12,487

Year ended 31st March, 2016

REVENUE	Retail	Residential	Office	Warehousing	Un allocable	Total
External Sales	20 04 30 400	•				
Total Revenue	32,01,98,495	, , ,				64,12,73,782
	32,01,98,495	9,75,73,332	3,70,01,955	18,65,00,000	-	64,12,73,782
RESULT			,			
Segment Result	8,97,14,221	(1,52,89,420)	66,73,365	45,78,388		0.75.75.
Unallocated Corporate Expenses		(', '' - , '' ', ' - ', '	00,70,5113	40,76,000		8,56,76,554
Operating Profit	8,97,14,221	(1,52,89,420)	66,73,365	45,78,388	6,23,11,739	
Finance Costs	5,13,64,883	(-,-,-,,-,,,	21.06.750	1.76.84.552		'''
Other Income	11,03,150	2,00,000	211110,750	1170,694,002		
Income taxes	_	-,,			1,56,90,156	1,69,93,306
Profit after Tax from ordinary Activities	3,94,52,488	(1,50,89,420)	45,66,615	(1,31,06,164)	(4.67.24.260)	17.00.00.00.00
Extraordinary Item, net		(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	.5,00,015	(1,31,00,104)	(4,67,24,269)	; (3,09,00,750)
Net Profit	3,94,52,488	(1,50,89,420)	45,66,615	(1,31,06,164)	(4,67,24,269)	(2.00.00.250)
Segment Assets	1,25,80,84,666	49,29,10,996		• [(4,07,24,209)	(3,09,00,750)
Unailocated Corporate Assets	2,20,00,04,000	42,22,10,226	17,74,40,532	62,46,93,943	-	2,55,31,30,137
Total Assets	1,25,80,84,666	49,29,10,996	1771 10 777		30,30,67,727	30.30,67,727
	*1***1000	49,29,10,990	17,74,40,532	62,46,93,943	30,30,67,727	2.85,61,97,864
Segment Liabilities	59,38,84,574	38,53,06,856	14,69,36,960	13,84,21,319		1,26,45,49,710
Unallocated Corporate Liabilities	1			,.,,,	27,72,96,177	
Total Linbilities	59,38,84,574	38,53,06,856	14,69,36,960	13,84,21,319		, , ,,
Capital Expenditures		, , , ,	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	12,04,21,317	27,72,96,177	1,54,18,45,887
l'angible Assets	3,92,59,514	55,650			19 52 220	1.1.40.40.4
ntangible Assets]	1	18,53,330	4.11,68,494
Depreciation	5,54,23,263	6,39,356	1	7.89,979	2,29,421 7,39,814	2,29,421 5,75,92,411





Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2017

29 Related Party Disclosures

Related Parties: Names of Related Parties and Relationships:

A Enterprise where control exists

Holding Company

Winmore Leasing and Holdings Ltd.

Subsidiary

Westfield Entertainment (P) Ltd. (w.c.f. 15th January 2016)

B Key Management Personnel

Gaurang Agrawal - Chief Executive Officer (CEO)

(w.c.f. 26th October 2015)

Sundeep Kumar - Chief Financial Officer (CFO)

Minal Kardite-Company Secretary-(w.c.f. 23rd November 2015)

Disclosure of Transactions between the Company and Related Parties and Outstanding Balances as at the year end.

		gy		
		31st March, 2017	31st March, 2016	
		₹	₹	
A.	Enterprise where Control Exists			
	Westfield Entertainment Private Limited		•	
	Interest Income	5,97,846		
	Loan Given	5.97,840	2,08,388	
	Amount due from related party	•	-	
		64,29,231	38,91,168	
	(Refer Note No. 14 and 16)			
В,	Key Management Personnel			
	Remuneration			
	Amount paid to related party	1.09.63.060	/A = / = A .	
	Amount due to related party	1,08,62,960	69,36,501	
	amount one to telated party	•	(20,00,000)	

30 Leases

Company as Lessor

The Company has entered into agreed Heads of Terms and registered agreements with retailers in respect of its mail at Kalyan. These leases have non-cancellable lease terms of 3 years and include a clause to enable upward revision of the rental charge every 3 years, if the lease is renewed.

The future minimum lease incomes in respect of the non cancellable period in those leases are as follows:

Total future minimum payments	6,81,88,001	4,23,59,708
Later than one years but not later than five years Later than 5 years	3,96,98,212	1,03,39,110
Not later than one year	2,84,89,790	3,20,20,598
W. J	515t Waren, 2017	318t March, 2016

31 Capital work-in-progress

Capital work-in-progress includes expenditure incurred during the implementation period for bringing a project in the condition of its intended 1.1 use. Capitalisation is done in the ratio of phased implementation. The following expenditure is carried forward as capital work-in-progress.

	31st March, 2017	31st March, 2016
Children Lift of Problem Life	₹	₹
Civil work (including Material)	7,25,57,703	7.51,69.067
Consultancy	16,54,772	42,73,925
Other costs directly related to construction	- 1,06,90,736	89,93,527
Employee costs	1,51,36,622	1142/32,201
Land/development cost	39,45,484	39,45,484
Other overheads	4,23,45,718	3,28,48,276
·	14,63,31,035	13,94,62,480

Capitalized Borrowing Costs

The borrowing cost capitalized during the year ended 31st March, 2017 was ₹ 88,87,076 (31st March, 2016: ₹ 1,11,45,409) and is part of capital work-in-progress and property, plant and equipment.



32 Disclosure in terms of Accounting Standards 7 - Construction Contracts:

Contract Revenue recognised during the year Aggregate Cost incurred and recognized profits (less recognized losses) up to the reporting date	7,29,05,427 1,51,38,18,346	31,44,09,12,919
Amount of customer advances outstanding for contracts-in-progress Due to customers / clients	5,83,72,199	3,69,42,695 7,23,82,282

33 Gratuity and other Post-Employment Benefit Plans:

The Company has a defined benefit gratuity plan. Every emptoyee who has completed five years or more of service gets a gratuity on departure at 15 days salary (last drawn salary) for each completed year of service. This benefit is unfunded. The following tables summarise the components of net benefit expense recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss and the funded status and amounts recognized in the balance sheet for the respective plans.

Statement of Profit and Loss

Net employee benefit expense recognised in employee cost

	31st March, 2017 ર	31st March, 2016 7
Current service cost	4,30,149	5,33,112
Interest cost	1,29,164	1,55,263
Net actuarial loss / (gain) to be recognized	2,58,408	(2,12,414)
Expense recognised in the Statement of Profit & Loss (Refer note 23)	8,17,721	4,75,961
Balance Sheet		
Benefit liability		
Present Value of defined benefit obligation	17,86,725	16,43,308
Benefit linbility	17,86,725	16,43,308
Changes in present value of defined benefit obligation :		
Opening Defined benefit obligation	16.43,308	19,60,387
Interest Cost	1,29,164	1,55,263
Current Service Cost	4,30,149	5,33,112
Benefits Paid	(6,74,304)	(7,93,040)
Actuarial loss / (gain) on obligation	2,58,408	(2,12,414)
Closing defined benefit obligation	17,86,725	16,43,308

The assumptions used in accounting for the gratuity plan are set out as below:

Discount Rate	2016-17 7.27%	2015-16 7.86%
Future Salary Increases Employee Turnover	5.00%	15,00%
Expected Return on Plan Assets	5.00% 0%	5.00%

The Company evaluates these assumptions annually based on its long-term plans of growth and industry standards. The unrecognized net actuarial loss / (gain) at 31st March, 2017 is ₹. 2,58,408/-: 31st March, 2016 (₹. 2,12,414/-.)

Amounts for the current and previous four years are as follows:

	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Grataity					
Defined benefit obligation	17.86,725	16,43,308	19,60,387	13,88,794	12,34,275
Experience adjustment on plan liabilities	1,60,357	(2,20,893)	1,31,588	(37,446)	19,575
Experience adjustment on plan assets	•	٧	•	•	•

34 Revenue from Sales Property Development

Revenue from Sales Property Development continued to be recognized after considering commitments from the Buyers and on execution of application forms apart from duly signed agreements.



Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2017

35 Service Tax

Cenvat Credit

Cenvat credit amounting to ₹ 54,678,414 claimed in Service tax return, pending set off, has been included in the fixed assets. Upon a favourable judgement by the Supreme Court, the Company may be allowed to set off the Cenvat Credit and this may result in reduction of the value of fixed assets and reversal of depreciation to that extent.

Service Tax Liability

- 1. The Retailers Association of India (RAI) and other retailers have filed a writ petition with the Honourable Supreme Court of India challenging the levy of Service Tax on rehtal income by the Government. The Supreme Court by its order dated 14th October 2011 was pleased to grant a stay on the recovery of arrears of Service tax due on or before 30th September-2011 on the following conditions:
- a. The members of RAI/Petitioners deposit 50% of the arrears of service tax amount due as on 30th September 2011 within 6 months in three equated installments.
- b. For the balance 50%, the petitioners/each member of RAI is to furnish surety to the satisfaction of the jurisdictional commissioner and also file an individual affidavit in the Supreme Court undertaking to pay the balance arrears of service tax.
- c. The successful party shall be entitled to interest on the amount stayed by the Court at the rate as may be directed at the time of final disposal of the matter.

The Company had issued notices to its licencees/retailers asking them to either submit documentary proof of compliance of the Supreme Court's order or to clear the outstanding service tax amount due as on 30th September 2011. Most of the retailers have complied with the order. All service tax dues from 1st October 2011 are being paid by all retailers and the Company is discharging the obligation towards the service tax liability. In respect of retailers who have not complied with the order, the Company has sufficient deposits from these retailers.

Two retailers viz. Bata-India Ltd. and Metro Shoes Limited, of Metro Junction Mall, filed separate Appeals in the Supreme Court of India challenging the order dated 4th August 2011 passed by a Division Bench of Bombay High court in respect of levying service tax on rental income by the Government. Both the cases will be heard along with the appeal filed by Retailers Association of India challenging the said levy of service tax.

The Company has been made a formal party in those cases but does not believe that the proceedings will have a material adverse impact on the financials.

The dues outstanding of service tax on account of any dispute are as follows:

Amount (₹)	Period to which the amount relates
1,58,50,807	FY 2007-08 to FY 2011-12 (upto September 2011)

36 Contingencies and Capital commitments

Contingencies

a. Contingent Liabilities not provided for

Claims against company not acknowledged as debts

31st March, 2017 ...

31st March, 2016

20,00,000 20,00,000

A suit for injurction was filed before the Delhi High Court against the Company praying inter alia for injunction restraining it from using the word "METRO". The Company has filed an application under Order 7 Rule 11 for rejection of the suit.

The Company is contesting the claim and does not believe that the proceedings will have a material adverse impact on the Company.

b. Other claims

i) 12 persons, claiming to be legal heirs ('petitioners') of a tenant on Company's Kalyan Land prior to 1950, have fited a lawsuit against Hardcastle and Waud Mfg. Co. Ltd. (HAWCO) the then owner of the land in a Kalyan court for injunction that no construction activities should be carried on the said Land. Though the person was a tenant in respect of the land parcels at Netivit Kalyan, his tenancy rights had been surrendered and accordingly the revenue authorities deleted his name from the land records on 17th May 1956. The said deletion of the tenant had not been contested. However, in the year 2010, the petitioners have filed a case, challenging the said deletion of name, before the Sub-divisional Officer (SDO) at Thane. The SDO has rejected their case as barred by the law of limitation.

The petitioners appeal before the appellate authority has also been dismissed. The petitioners then filed a lawsuit in Kalyan Count against the appellate order. Since HAWCO had granted leasehold rights in respect of Kalyan Land in favour of the Company, it has been made a party in the said lawsuit. The suit is pending. There is no injunction against the Company in the matter.

Company has now purchased this land, which was initially leased from HAWCO. No outflow is expected and based on legal advice received, the Company does not expect an adverse outcome in this matter.

ii) The Company is developing a commercial complex called Metro Plaza at Netivali Kalyan. A group of clients of Metro Plaza units have filed be consumer cases against the Company before the State Consumer Forum inter alia disputing the areas of the units as well as the % of loading to be charged on each unit. The Company has filed its written statements in the matter and the matters are now kept for filing affidavits of evidence.



Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2017

iii) Plaintiffs filed a suit for declaration as well as for injunction and possession of an area of approx. 2900 sq.ft. The Company has raised an objection regarding jurisdiction of the court to entertain the matter on the ground of law of limitation. Matter is pending for adjudication

The Company is contesting these claims and does not believe that the proceedings will have a material adverse impact on it.

e. The Company has received Notice of Demand from Maharashtra Value Added Tax department amounting to ₹ 11,06,386 and ₹ 22,30,415.13 for the Financial Year 2007-08 and Financial Year 2008-09 respectively. The company has already paid Value Added Tax to the vendors, and thus has gone in appeal by paying the amount of ₹ 4,00,804 and ₹ 2,23,041 respectively.

The Company is contesting these claims and does not believe that the proceedings will have a material adverse impact on it.

d. Accumulated Preference Dividend Arrears

	Accumulated Preference Dividend Arrears	31st March, 2017 ₹ 19,92,09,226	31st March, 2016 ₹ 17,98,81,925
ť,	Capital Commitments		
		31st March, 2017 ₹	31st March, 2016 ₹
	Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for	35,25,596	87,44,597
	Other commitments* Total	52,75,55,805 53,10,81,401	10,03,32,872 10,90,77,469

*Other commitments include development and construction cost towards mixed use properties to be incurred in future.

37 Supplementary Statutory Information

37.1 Expenditure in foreign currency (Accrual Basis)	31st March, 2017 ?	31st March. 2016
Travelling Expenses	7,41,816	1,59,567
Professional Fees	10,74,380	3,76,483
37.2 Value of Imports		•
Capital Goods	1,21,27,693	
Other Material	48,181	-
37.3 Payments to Auditors:		
a) As Auditors (excluding Service Tax)	8.00,000	0.00.000
b) In other capacity	8,00,000	9,00,000
c) Out of pocket expenses	55,799	10.100
Total	9 55 700	43.173

38 Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006

Based on the information available with the Company, no dues are outstanding to Micro, Small and Medium enterprises as on 31th March, 2017.

39 Previous Year Comparatives

The Company has regrouped, reclassified and restated previous year figures to conform to this year's classification.





Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2017

Details of Specified Bank Notes (SBN) held and transacted during the period 09/11/2016 to 30/12/2016 as required vide notification No G.S.R.307 (e) dt.30/03/2017

Particulars Color	SBNs	Other denomination notes	Amount
Closing Cash in hand as on 8-11-2016	5,65,500	1,76,613	7,42,113
(+) Permitted Receipts	-	18,02,360	18,02,360
(+) Amount withdrawn from Banks		12,10,567	12,10,567
(-) Permitted Payments		5,03,921	5,03,923
(-) Amount deposited in Banks	5,65,500	17,99,036	23,64,536
Closing eash in hand as on 30-12-2016	-	8,86,583	8,86,583

As per our report of even date

For SRBC & COLLP

Chartered Accountants

ICAI, Pirm Registration No.: 324982E/E300003

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of West Pioneer Properties (India) Private Limited

per Jayesh Gandhi

Place: Mumbai

Date: 29th May 2017

Partner

Membership No.: 37924

Dr.Shatadru Sengupta

Director

DIN No. 00291695

Sanjay Soni

Director

DIN No. 01048644

Sundeep Kumar

CFO

, ro

Place: Mumbai Date: 29th May 2017 Minal Kardile Company Secretary





Rajendra K Gupta & Associates

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

CA Rajendra Kumar Gupta B.Com, F.C.A.

CA Sunita Sandeep Gupta B.Com, F.C.A

CA Rajesh Parasnath Tiwari B.Com, A.C.A.

Room No.3, Kshipra Society, Akurli Cross Road No.1, Kandivali (East),

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CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

AUDITORS' REPORT

TO MEMBERS OF WESTFEILD ENTERTAINMENT PRIVATE LIMITED,

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of WESTFEILD ENTERTAINMENT PRIVATE LIMITED ("the company") which comprise Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2017, Statement of Profit and Loss, Cash Flow Statement for the year then ended, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with provision of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities, selection and application of appropriate accounting policies, making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit

We have taken into account provisions of the Act, the accounting and auditing standards and matters which are required to be included in the audit report under provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the Company's preparation of the financial statements that give true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. An audit also includes evaluating appropriateness of accounting policies used and reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the Company's Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements, give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India;

- a) In case of the Balance Sheet, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March, 2017;
- b) In case of the Statement of Profit and Loss, of the Loss for the year ended on that date; and
- c) In case of the Cash Flow Statement, of the cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Report on other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by 'the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order 2016, issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of Section 143 of the Act (hereinafter referred to as the "Order") and on basis of such checks of the books and records of the Company as we considered appropriate and according to the information and explanations given to us, we give in Annexure A a statement on matters specified in the Paragraph 3 and 4 of the Order.

2. As required by section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:

- a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
- b) In our opinion proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as appears from our examination of those books;
- c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, and Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;

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- d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
- e) On the basis of written representations received from the directors as on 31 March, 2017, taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31 March, 2017, from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
- f) With respect to adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in Annexure B.
- g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - The Company has a pending litigation in the Bombay High Court. In case, the ultimate outcome of the pending litigation is adverse to the Company, it may lose a sizeable part of the litigation land for an unascertainable amount- Refer Note 22 annexed to the Financial Statements;
 - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses;
 - iii. No amount was required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company during the year ended 31st March, 2017.
 - iv. The company has no dealing in specified bank notes during the period from 8th November 2016 to 30th December 2016.

FOR RAJENDRA K. GUPTA & ASSOCIATES CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS Regd. No. 108373W



RAJENDRA K. GUPTA

PARTNER Membership No. 009939

Place: Mumbai

Date: 19th may, 2017

ANNEXURE 'A' TO AUDITOR'S REPORT

Annexure referred to in Paragraph 1 of Report on Other Legal And Regulatory Requirements in our report to members of WESTFEILD ENTERTAINMENT PRIVATE LIMITED ("the Company") the Company for the year ended 31st March, 2017.

We report that:

- (a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets;
 - (b) Fixed assets have been physically verified by the management at reasonable intervals. According to information and explanations given to us, no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification. In our opinion, having regard to size of the Company and nature of its assets the periodicity of verification of fixed assets of the Company is reasonable;
 - (c) According to information and explanations given to us and on basis of our examination of records of the Company, title deeds of Immovable properties as disclosed in Note 8 on Fixed Assets are held in name of the Company;
- ii. The Company is engaged in real estate business, and does not hold any inventory; hence, the requirement under paragraph 3 (ii) of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("Order") is not applicable;
- iii. The Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, limited liability partnerships or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act 2013 ('the Act'), hence paragraph 3 (iii) of the Order is not applicable;
- iv. The Company has not granted any loans or made any investments, or provided any guarantee or security to parties covered under section 185 and 186 of the Act, hence paragraph 3 (iv) of the Order is not applicable;
- v. In our opinion and according to information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits from public during the year, and hence paragraph 3 (v) of the Order is not applicable;
- vi. The Company has not been specified by the Central Government under sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Act to maintain cost records and hence paragraph 3 (vi) of the Order is not applicable;
- vii. (a) According to information and explanations given to us and according to records of the Company, the Company is generally regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including income-tax, service tax, profession tax, cess and any other statutory dues applicable to it with the appropriate authorities;
 - (b) There were no disputed/ undisputed amounts in respect of the statutory dues mentioned above as on 31st March, 2017 outstanding for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable;



- viii. The Company has not borrowed any money from any financial institution or bank or through debentures, hence paragraph 3 (viii) of the Order is not applicable;
- ix. The Company has not raised any moneys by way of initial public offer, further public offer (including debt instruments) and term loans, hence paragraph 3 (ix) of the Order
- x. During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to information and explanations given to us, we have neither come across any instance of material fraud by the Company or on the Company by its officers or employees, noticed or reported during the year, nor have we been informed of any such case by the
- xi. The Company has not given any managerial Remuneration covered by the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act, hence paragraph 3 (xi) of the Order is
- xii. The Company is not a nidhi company and the Nidhi Rules, 2014 are not applicable to the Company, hence paragraph 3 (xii) of the Order is not applicable
- xiii. According to information and explanations given to us by the Management, we report that all transactions with related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of the Act and details have been disclosed in the Financial Statements.
- xiv. The Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year under review and hence paragraph 3 (xiv) of the Order is not applicable;
- XV. According to information and explanations given to us by the Management, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with the directors or persons connected with him and hence paragraph 3 (xv) of the Order is not
- XVI. The Company is not required to be registered under section 45IA of Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 and hence paragraph 3 (xvi) of the Order is not applicable.

FOR RAJENDRA K. GUPTA & ASSOCIATES **CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS** Regd. No. 108373W

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Membership No. 009939

Place: Mumbai

Date: 19th may, 2017

ANNEXURE 'B' TO AUDITOR'S REPORT

Annexure referred to in paragraph 2(f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' our report to members of **WESTFEILD ENTERTAINMENT PRIVATE LIMITED**, ('the Company') for the year ended on March 31, 2017.

Report on Internal Financial Control under Section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act , 2013 ('the Act')

We have audited internal financial control over financial reporting of WESTFEILD ENTERTAINMENT PRIVATE LIMITED ("the Company") as of March 31, 2017 in conjunction with our audit of financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Control

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial control based on internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering essential components of internal control stated in Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Control over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). These responsibilities includes design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial control that was operating effectively for ensuring orderly and efficient conduct of business, including adherence to Company's policies, safeguarding of assets, prevention and detection of frauds and errors, accuracy and completeness of accounting records, and timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Company's internal financial control over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Control over Financial Reporting ('the Guidance Note') and Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Act to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial control, both applicable to an audit of internal financial control and both issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and Guidance note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial control over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such control operated effectively in all material respects.

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS Phy

Our audit involves performing procedure to obtain audit evidence about adequacy of the internal financial control system over financial reporting and its operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial control over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of the internal financial control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Control over Financial Reporting

A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide a reasonable assurance regarding reliability of financial reporting and preparation of financial statements for external purpose in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that:

- 1. Pertain to maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company;
- Provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the Company; and
- 3. Provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Control over Financial Reporting

Because of inherent limitations of internal financial control over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial control over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material aspects, an adequate internal financial control system over financial reporting and such internal financial control over financial reporting was operating effectively as at March 31, 2017, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering essential components of internal control stated in Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Control over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

FOR RAJENDRA K. GUPTA & ASSOCIATES CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS Regd. No. 108373W

> RAJENDRA K. GUPTA PARTNER

X alum

Membership No. 009939

Place: Mumbai Date: 19th may, 2017

Westfield Entertainment Private Limited Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2017

Equity and Liabilities Shareholders' Funds 3 9,27,37,860 62,19,00,692		Notes	As at March 31, 2017 ₹	As at March 31, 2016 ₹
Share Capital 3 9,27,37,860 9,27,37,860 Reserves and Surplus 4 62,18,20,884 62,19,00,692 71,45,58,744 71,46,38,552 71,45,58,744 71,46,38,552 71,45,58,744 71,46,38,552 71,45,58,744 71,46,38,552 71,45,58,744 71,46,38,552 71,45,58,744 71,46,38,552 71,45,58,744 71,46,38,552 71,45,58,744 71,46,38,552 71,45,58,744 71,46,38,552 71,46,38,552 71,46,38,552 71,46,38,552 71,46,38,560 71,46,38,552 71,46,38,560 71,46,38,552 71,46,38,560 71,4	Equity and Liabilities		,	•
Reserves and Surplus 4 62,18,20,884 62,19,00,692 Non-current Liabilities 71,45,58,744 71,46,38,552 Non-current Dorrowings 5 53,83,810 33,83,810 Other Long-Term Liabilities 6 2,260 2,260 Current Liabilities 7 - - Trade Payables 7 - - Other Current Liabilities 7 18,11,488 19,60,962 TOTAL 72,17,56,302 71,99,85,584 Assets Non-current Assets S Fixed Assets 8 57,90,34,493 58,86,27,025 Capital work-in-progress 14,26,31,641 13,12,68,391 Long-term Loans and Advances 9 78,950 78,950 Non-current investments 10 22 22 Current Assets 72,17,45,106 71,99,74,388 Current Assets 11 11,196 11,196	Shareholders' Funds			
Reserves and Surplus	Share Capital	3	9,27,37,860	9,27,37,860
Non-current Liabilities Sample Sa	Reserves and Surplus	4	62,18,20,884	
Cong-term borrowings 5		-	71,45,58,744	
Other Long-Term Liabilities 6 2,260 2,260 53,86,070 33,86,070 Current Liabilities Trade Payables 7 - - Other Current Liabilities 7 18,11,488 19,60,962 TOTAL 72,17,56,302 71,99,85,584 Assets Non-current Assets 8 57,90,34,493 58,86,27,025 Fixed Assets 8 57,90,34,493 58,86,27,025 Capital work-in-progress 14,26,31,641 13,12,68,391 Long-term Loans and Advances 9 78,950 78,950 Non-current investments 10 22 22 Current Assets Cash and Bank Balances 11 11,196 11,196	Non-current Liabilities			
Other Long-Term Liabilities 6 2,260 2,260 Current Liabilities Trade Payables 7 - - Other Current Liabilities 7 18,11,488 19,60,962 TOTAL 72,17,56,302 71,99,85,584 Assets Non-current Assets 8 57,90,34,493 58,86,27,025 Fixed Assets 8 57,90,34,493 58,86,27,025 Capital work-in-progress 14,26,31,641 13,12,68,391 Long-term Loans and Advances 9 78,950 78,950 Non-current investments 10 22 22 Current Assets 72,17,45,106 71,99,74,388 Current Assets 11 11,196 11,196	Long-term borrowings	5	53,83,810	33.83.810
Current Liabilities Trade Payables 7 Other Current Liabilities 7 18,11,488 19,60,962 TOTAL 72,17,56,302 71,99,85,584 Assets Non-current Assets 8 57,90,34,493 58,86,27,025 Capital work-in-progress 14,26,31,641 13,12,68,391 Long-term Loans and Advances 9 78,950 78,950 Non-current investments 10 22 22 72,17,45,106 71,99,74,388 Current Assets 11 11,196 11,196 TOTAL 11,196 11,196	Other Long-Term Liabilities	6	·	
Current Liabilities 7 -		-	53,86,070	***************************************
Other Current Liabilities 7 18,11,488 19,60,962 TOTAL 18,11,488 19,60,962 TOTAL 72,17,56,302 71,99,85,584 Assets Non-current Assets 8 57,90,34,493 58,86,27,025 Capital work-in-progress 14,26,31,641 13,12,68,391 Long-term Loans and Advances 9 78,950 78,950 Non-current investments 10 22 22 Current Assets 72,17,45,106 71,99,74,388 Current Assets 11 11,196 11,196	Current Liabilities			. ,
TOTAL 18,11,488 19,60,962 18,11,488 19,60,962 72,17,56,302 71,99,85,584 Assets Non-current Assets Fixed Assets Tangible Assets Capital work-in-progress 8 57,90,34,493 58,86,27,025 Capital work-in-progress 14,26,31,641 13,12,68,391 Long-term Loans and Advances 9 78,950 78,950 Non-current investments 10 22 22 Current Assets Current Assets Cash and Bank Balances 11 11,196 11,196	Trade Payables	7	#	-
TOTAL 18,11,488 19,60,962 72,17,56,302 71,90,85,584 Assets Non-current Assets Fixed Assets Tangible Assets Capital work-in-progress 8 57,90,34,493 58,86,27,025 14,26,31,641 13,12,68,391 Long-term Loans and Advances 9 78,950 78,950 Non-current investments 10 22 22 Current Assets Current Assets Cash and Bank Balances 11 11,196 11,196	Other Current Liabilities	7	18,11,488	19,60,962
Assets Non-current Assets Fixed Assets Tangible Assets Capital work-in-progress Long-term Loans and Advances Non-current investments Tangible Assets Current Assets 11 11,196 T1,99,85,584 71,99,85,584 71,99,85,584 71,99,85,584 72,17,56,302 71,99,85,584 71,99,85,584 72,17,66,302 71,99,85,584 72,17,66,302 71,99,85,584 72,17,45,106 71,99,85,584 72,17,45,106 71,99,74,388 72,17,45,106 71,99,74,388			18,11,488	***************************************
Non-current Assets Fixed Assets 8 57,90,34,493 58,86,27,025 Capital work-in-progress 14,26,31,641 13,12,68,391 Long-term Loans and Advances 9 78,950 78,950 Non-current investments 10 22 22 Current Assets 72,17,45,106 71,99,74,388 Current Assets 11 11,196 11,196	TOTAL	-	72,17,56,302	
Fixed Assets Tangible Assets Capital work-in-progress Long-term Loans and Advances Non-current investments Current Assets Cash and Bank Balances 11 Standard Stan	Assets			
Tangible Assets 8 57,90,34,493 58,86,27,025 Capital work-in-progress 14,26,31,641 13,12,68,391 Long-term Loans and Advances 9 78,950 78,950 Non-current investments 10 22 22 72,17,45,106 71,99,74,388 Current Assets 11 11,196 11,196	Non-current Assets			
Capital work-in-progress 14,26,31,641 13,12,68,391 Long-term Loans and Advances 9 78,950 78,950 Non-current investments 10 22 22 72,17,45,106 71,99,74,388 Current Assets Cash and Bank Balances 11 11,196 11,196	Fixed Assets			
Capital work-in-progress 14,26,31,641 13,12,68,391 Long-term Loans and Advances 9 78,950 78,950 Non-current investments 10 22 22 72,17,45,106 71,99,74,388 Current Assets Cash and Bank Balances 11 11,196 11,196	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	8	57,90,34,493	58,86,27,025
Non-current investments 10 22 22 72,17,45,106 71,99,74,388 Current Assets Cash and Bank Balances 11 11,196 11,196	Capital work-in-progress		14,26,31,641	
Non-current investments 10 22 22 Current Assets Cash and Bank Balances 11 11,196 11,196	Long-term Loans and Advances	.9	78,950	78.950
Current Assets Cash and Bank Balances 11 11,196 11,196	Non-current investments	10	22	
Cash and Bank Balances 11 11,196 11,196	Current Assate		72,17,45,106	71,99,74,388
TOTAL 72.17.56.302 71.00.95.594	the first term of the contract of the first term of the contract of the contra	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	11,196	11,196
/ # j # cyacoya	TOTAL		72,17,56,302	71,99,85,584

Summary of significant accounting policies

2.1

The accompanying Notes form an integral part of the financial statements

CHARTERED

ACCOUNTANTS

As per our report of even date

For Rajendra K. Gupta & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.: 108373W

Rajendra Kumar Gupta

Partner

Membership No.: 9939

Place: Mumbai

Date: 19th May 2017

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

(Gaurang Agrawal)

Director

DIN No.00021665

(Dharmendra Agarwal)

Director

DIN No.06406889

Minal Kardile Company Secretary

Place: Mumbai

Date: 19th May 2017

Westfield Entertainment Private Limited Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2017

Income	Notes	For the year ended March 31, 2017 ₹	For the year ended March 31, 2016 ₹ 3,555
Total Revenue			
Expenses Other Expenses Depreciation Finance costs Total (Loss) for the year	13 .	62,718 17,090 	3,555 1,19,172 17,137 - 1,36,309 (1,32,754)
Tax Adjustments of Prior Years (Loss) for the year Earnings per equity share of nominal value Rs 10	14	(79,808)	(1,32,754)
Basic and Diluted Earnings per Share Summary of significant accounting policies The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial	2.1 statements	(0.01)	(0.02)

As per our report of even date

For Rajendra K. Gupta & Associates

, CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.: 108373W

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Rajendra Kumar Gupta

Partner

Membership No.: 9939

(Gaurang Agrawal)

Director

DIN No.00021665

(Dharmendra Agarwal)

Director

DIN No.06406889

Minal Kardile
Company Secretary

Place: Mumbai

Date: 19th May 2017

Place: Mumbai

Date: 19th May 2017



Westfield Entertainment Private Limited

Cash Flow Statement for the year ended March 31, 2017

	For the year ended March 31, 2017 ₹	For the year ended March 31, 2016 ₹
Operating Activities		,
(Loss) before tax	(79,808)	(1.32,754)
Adjustments to reconcile profit before tax to net cash flows	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	((* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
Depreciation	17,090	17,137
(Decrease)/Increase in Current Liabilities	(1,49,474)	10,44,791
Net Cash Flow (used in)/from Operating Activities	(2,12,192)	9,29,174
Investing Activities		
Construction Costs incurred	(17,87,808)	(16.81,853)
Net eash flow used in investing activities	(17,87,808)	(16,81,853)
Financing Activities		
Unsacured Loun received	20,00,000	7,00,000
Net eash flows from financing activities	20,00,000	7,00,000
Net (decrease) in eash and eash equivalents	20,00,000	(52,679)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	11.196	63,875
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	11,196	11,196

The above Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under the 'Indirect Method' as set out in the Accounting Standard AS-3 issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

Summary of significant accounting policies (Refer Note 2.1)

CHARTERED

ACCOUNTANTS

As per our report of even date

For Rajendra K. Gupta & Associates

Fender Xuma Lupa

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.: 108373W

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Rajendra Kumar Gupta

Partner

Membership No.: 9939

Place: Mumbai

Date: 19th May 2017

(Gaurang Agrawal)

Director

DIN No.00021665

(Dharmendra Agarwal)

Director

DIN No.06406889

Minal Kardile Company Secretary

Place: Mumbai

Date: 19th May 2017

Westfield Entertainment Private Limited Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2017

1 Corporate Laformation

Westfield Entertainment Private Limited is involved in development, construction and management of mixed use property in India It is 100% subsidiary of West Pioneer Properties (India) Private Limited

2 Basis of Preparation

The Financial Statements of the Company are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in India (Indian GAAP). The Company prepares these financial statements to comply in all material respects with the accounting standards notified under section 133 of the Companies Act 2013, (the Act) read together with para 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules 2014. The financial statement have been prepared on an accrual basis and under the historical cost convention.

2.1 Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Presentation and Disclosure of Financial Statements

Assets and habilities are classified as Current and Non Current as per the Company's normal operating cycle and other criteria secont in Schedule III of the Act. Based on the nature of activity carried out by the Company and the period between the procurement and realisation in cash and cash equivalents, the Company has ascertained its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of Current-Non Current classification of assets and fabilities.

(b) Use of Estimates

Preparation of Financial Statements in conformity with Indian GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the results of operations during the reporting period. Although these estimates are based upon management's best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results could differ from these estimates.

(c) Tangible Fixed Assets

Fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses if any. Cost comprises the cost of acquisition and any attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use. Value of leasehold land is amortised over the respective residual lease period.

(d) Depreciation on Tangible Fixed Assets

Depreciation is provided using the straight line method as prescribed under schedule II of the Act based on useful life of an asset as specified there, and in case the schedule II opinion lives do not fairly reflect such useful life, on the basis of technical evaluation made by the management.

(c) Depreciation on assets costing less than 3.5,000

To comply with the requirement of Schedule II to the Act, the Company has changed its accounting policy for depreciation of assets costing less than \$5,000/-. As per the revised policy, the Company is depreciating such assets over their useful lives as assessed by the management. The management has decided to apply the revised accounting policy prospectively from the accounting periods commencing on or after 1st April 2014.

(f) Investments

Long term Investments are valued at cost. Provision for any permanent dimmution in value of such investments is made, if necessary, Current lavestments are stated at cost or market value whichever is lower.

(g) Leases

Where the Company is the lessee

Leases where the lessor effectively retains substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership of the leased asset, are classified as operating leases

(h) Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured.

Interset

Revenue is recognised on a time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and the rate applicable.

Dividends

Revenue is recognised when the shareholders' right to receive payment is established by the balance spect date.





(i) Income Taxes

Tax expense comprises of current and deferred taxes. Current income tax is measured at the amount expected to be paid to the tax authorities in accordance with the Income Tax Act, 1961. Deferred income tax reflects the impact of current year timing differences between taxable income and accounting income for the year and reversal of timing differences of earlier years. Deferred tax is measured based on the tax rates and the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

At each balance sheet date the Company re-assesses unrecognized deferred tax assets. It recognizes unrecognized deferred tax assets to the extent that it has become reasonably certain or virtually certain that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realized.

(j) Expenditure on New Projects and Substantial Expansion

Expenditure directly relating to construction activity is empitalized. Indirect expenditure incurred during construction period is capitalized as part of the indirect construction cost to the extent such expenditure is indirectly related to construction or is incidental thereto. Other indirect expenditure (including borrowing cost incurred) which is not related to the construction activity nor is incidental thereto is charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss.

All direct capital expenditure on expansion is capitalized. As regards indirect expenditure on expansion, only that portion is capitalized which represents the marginal increase in such expenditure involved as a result of capital expansion. Both direct and indirect expenditures are capitalized only if they increase the value of the asset beyond his original saundard of performance.

(k) Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the after tax net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the reporting period. Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period is adjusted for event like bonus issue, bonus element in a rights issue to existing shareholders, share split and reverse share split (consolidation of shares)

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects, of all dilutive potential equity shares.

(l) Provisions

A provision is recognised when the Company has a present obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and in respect of which a reliable estimate can be made. Provisions are not discounted to their present value and are determined based on best estimates required to settle the obligation at the balance sheet date. These are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

(m) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and eash equivalents in the balance sheet comprise eash at bank and in hand and short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

(n) Contingent Liabilities

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the Company or a present obligation that is not recognized because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. A contingent liability also arises in extremely rare cases where there is a liability that cannot be recognized because it cannot be measured reliably. The Company does not recognize a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the linancial statements.

3 Share Capital

	31st March 2017	31st March 2016
	*	₹
Authorised Share Capital		
59,05,200 (2016; 59,05,200) Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each	5,90,52,000	5,90,52,000
6,85,200 (2016: 6,85,200), Preference Shares of ₹ 100 each	6,85,20,000	6,85,20,000
	12,75,72,000	12,75,72,000
Issued, Subscribed and Paid-up Share Capital		
Fully paid up		
59,05,166 (2016: 59,05,166) Equity Shares of ₹ 10 ench	5,90,51,660	5,90,51 660
3,34,512 (2016:3,34,512) 8% Non - Cumulative Radeemable Preference Shares of ₹ 100 each	3,34,51,200	3,34,51,200
2,350 (2016:2,350) Redeemable Preference Shares of ₹ 100 each	2,35,000	2,35,006
Total	9,27,37.860	9,27,37,860
4.0017A @		





(a) Reconciliation of shares outstanding at beginning and at end of the reporting period Equity shares

	31st Marc	h 2017	31st Marc	h 2016
At beginning of the year	Nos	₹	Nos	20710 F
Outstanding at end of the year	59,05,166	5,90,51,660	59,05,166	5,90,51,660
Outstanding at end of the year	59,05,166	5,90,51,660	59,05,166	5,90,51,660
Non-Camulative Redeemable Preference shares				3,20,27,000
8% Non-Cumulative Redeemable Preference shares				
	31st March	2017	31st Marci	2016
At beginning of the year	Nos	₹	Nos	₹
Outstanding at end of the year	3,34,512	3,34,51,200	3,34,512	3,34,51,200
constituting at each of the year	3,34,512	3,34,51,200	3,34,512	3,34,51,200
Redcemable Preference shares				100,000
Trycrence shares				
	31st March	2017	31st March	2016
At beginning of the year	Nos	*	Nos	सं
Outstanding at end of the year	2,350	2,35,000	2,350	2,35,000
and the same of the feat	2,350	2,35,000	2,350	2,35,000

(b) Terms/ rights attached to Equity Shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having par value of ₹ 10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The Company declares and pays dividends in Indian rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

During the year ended 31 March 2017, the amount of per share dividend recognized as distributions to equity shareholders was 'Nil (31 March 2016:

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

(c) Terms and conditions of 8% Non-Cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares

- (i) The shares carry a preferential right to a non-cumulative dividend calculated @ 8% p.a.
- (ii) Holders of the shares shall have a right to vote only on resolutions directly affecting the rights attached to their respective preference shares.
- (iii) The shares shall be compulsorily redeemable on the expiry of 20 years from the date of issue. However, the Company may redeem the preference shares earlier also at any time at the Company's option by giving a notice of a period not less than 48 (forty eight) hours, by repayment of the amount paid up thereon including premium or such amount as the Board of Directors of the Company may decide.
- (iv) In a winding up, the holders of the said shares shall be entitled to a preferential right of return of the amounts paid up on the shares but shall not have any further right or claim over the surplus assets of the Company.

(d) Terms and Conditions of Redeemable Preference Shares

- (i)The Company had issued 2,350 number of Preference shares of ₹ 100 each carrying a premium of ₹ 9,900 per share.
- (ii) The shares carry no right to dividend.
- (iii) The Preference shares carry right to vote only in accordance with provisions of Section 47 of the Companies Act, 2013 or any re-enactment thereof. (iv) Redemption of Redeemable Preference Shares;
- a. At the ontlon of the Issuer Company

These shares would be redeemable at any time within 20 years from the date of issue at the option of the Issuer Company by giving a 48 - hours prior written notice to the holder(s) at the redemption price calculated based on Internal Rate of Return (IRR) of 11% compounded annually from the date of receipt of last call money till date of redemption of the Preference Shares.





Westfield Entertainment Private Limited

Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2017

b. At the option of the Preference Shareholders:

The Preference shares would be redeemable at any time within 20 years from the date of issue at the option of the Preference Shareholders by giving a 15 days prior written notice to the Issuer Company at the redemption price consisting of the Issue Price of the share plus an amount calculated based on IRR at the rates stated in Column 2 of the Table (appearing below) compounded annually from the date of receipt of last call money uil the date of redemption of the Shares.

Table I

Applicable Internal Rate of Return if Redemption is at option of the Holder

Column 1	Column 2	Column 1	Column 2
After completion (number) of years from the date of receipt of last call money	Applicable IRR (per annum)	After completion (number) of years from the date of receipt of last call money	Applicable IRR (per annum)
}	0%	11	6%
2	0%	12	7%
3	0%	13	7%
4	3%	14	8%
5	3%	15	8%
6	4%	16	9%
7	4%	17	9%
8	5%	18	10%
9	5%	19	11%
10	6%		

(e) Shares held by holding company

Out of equity and preference shares issued by the Company, shares held by its holding company, and their subsidiaries/ associates are as below:

West Ploneer Properties (India) Private Limited, a holding company

5,905,166 (2016; 5,905,166) Equity Shares of ₹.10 each

The holding company has 100% shareholding with 150 shares held jointly with Mr. Benwarilal Jatia, Mr. Sundeep Kumar, Ms. Minal Kardile, Mr. Gaurang Agarwal, Mr. Anil Gupta, Mr. O.P. Adukia as nominee and on behalf of the Company.

(f) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company

Name of shareholder	31st Ma	rch 2017	31st Mar	reli 2016
	Nox	1/2 hulding in the class	Nos	% holding in the class
Equity shares of ₹10 each fully paid				
West Pioneer Properties (India) Private Limited	59,05,166	100.00%	59,05,166	100.00%
8% Non-Cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares of	f ₹100 each	a seguence		
Anand Veena Twisters Private Limited	1,59,400	47.65%	2,34,400	70.07%
West Leisure Resorts Ltd	1,00,000	29,89%	1.00,000	29.89%
Ushadevi Jatia jointly with Banwari Lal Jatia	75,010	22.42%	-	-
Redeemable Preference shares of ₹ 100 each				
West Leisure Resorts Ltd	2,350	100,00%	2,350	100.00%

As pre-invitals of the Company, including its register of shareholders/ members and the declarations received from snareholders regarding beneficial interest, the above shareholding represents both legal and beneficial ownership of the shares.



4 Reserves and Surplus

		31st March 2017	31st March 2016
	Securities Premium Account	*	*
	Balance as per last financial statements Addition during the year Closing Balance	61,90,81,600	61,90,81,600
		61,90,81,600	61,90,81,600
	Surplus in Statement of Profit and Loss Balance as per last financial statements Loss for the year Net Surplus in Statement of Profit and Loss	28,19,092 (79,808)	29,51,846 (1,32,754)
		27,39,284	28,19,092
	Total Reserves and Surplus	62,18,20,884	62,19,00,692
5	Long-term Borrowings		
	Other Loans and Advances	31st Murch 2017	31st March 2016
	Unsecured Loans from related party (Refer Note 16)		
	Note: There are no terms for repayment of loan	53,83,810	33,83,810
		53,83,810	33,83,810
6	Other Long-term Liabilities		
		31st March 2017	31st March 2016
	Retention Monies .	₹ 2,260	₹ 2,260
		2,260	2,260
7	Current Liabilities		
		31st March 2017	31st March 2016
	Trade Payables	ŧ	*
		*	-
	Other Co		
	Other Current Liabilities Overdrawn bank balance	e a company and a company	
	TDS Payable	1,54,697	2,74,158
	Interest accrued but not due on borrowings	62,905	39,163
	Expenses Payable	10,45,421	5,07,358
		5,48,465	11,40,283
		18,11,488	19,60,962
	GUPTA	18,11,488	19,60,962





8. Tangible fixed assets (Refer Nove: 22)

			lock	As on 31st March			57.16.26.206		775,17,66,1	10,73,297			200 00 30 03	570,17,00,00		
•	(Amounts in Runces)		Net Block	As on 31st Mar	2017	12000000	20,20,50,764	1 59 27 522	110,110,1	10,56,207			57.90.34.493		58.86.27.025	
				AS OR SIST MAR	7107	3 \$6 96 025	570'0 COC'.	,	70 002	57,773	•••	0.00 70 400	81119/1/01	201 50 570	0,01,33,486	
		Depreciation	Charge for the	Veer the	1.43	95,75,442		•	17.090			05 00 530	7000000	07.07.670	11.0000	
			As on 1st April	2016	-01 00 10 0	6,01,20,583	i		62,903			8,61,33,486		7.65.90.907		
			As on 31st Mar	2017	65 77 46 790	AOC TOLET CAME	1.59,27,522	000000	007,00,11		14 60 10 101	115,01.64,10	67 40 10 214	115,01,05,10		
			(neietions)		•	•	•	1								
Cross Die.	OLOS DIOCK	Achitions	CHOTHER		•		*.	. •			. *.					
	-	As on 1st Anril	2016	097 38 77 3A	X01,041,1100	1.59.27.522	\$ \$ 10° 10° 10° 10° 10° 10° 10° 10° 10° 10°	11,36,200		67.40 00 511	110,0.04,10	1120.012	110,0,04,10			The state of the s
			-	Leasthold Land	D. 13.12.1	[panding	Compound Well	Composite Hall		Total		Previous Year				The contraction is a second of the

No depreciation is provided on Building as the same has not been put to use,





Long Term Loans and Advances

		31st March 2017	31st March 2016
	Unsecured considered good	₹	₹
	Security Deposits		
		78,950	78,950
10	Non Current Investments	78,950	78,950
	The same of the sa		
		31st March 2017	31st March 2016
	Investment in Hawconluct to continue to the Property of the Pr	₹	₹
	Investment in Hawcoplast Investments and Trading Limited - 1 (Previous Year - 1) copity share of ₹. 10 fully paid up		,
	and the	22	22
		22	23
11	Cash and Bank Balances	Year Ended	
		31st March 2017	Year Ended
		7 Tanana (* 2017	31st March 2016
	Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash on hand	· ·	₹,
	Cast on hand Balances with Banks:	*	
	- On current accounts		-
	on constituence of the second	11.196	11,196
12	Income	11,196	11,196
12	ancome	Year Ended	Year Ended
		31st March 2017	31st March 2016
	Other Income	₹	₹
	Sundry balances written back		
	,	•	3,355
			3,555
13	Other Expenses	37	
		Year Ended 31st March 2017	Year Ended
		3131 March 2017	31st March 2016
	Lease Rent	` 3	₹ ,
,	Travelling and Conveyance	629	3
	Printing and Stationery Legat and Professional Fees		11,263 2,010
	Audit fees	21,900	65,040
	Filing Fees	34,650	38,550
	Miscellaneous Expanses	5,200	
		336	2,306
		62,718	
14	Enrings Per Share		1,19,172
	and the second of the second o	31.34	
	Loss after Tax (?)	31st March 2017	31st March 2016
	Weighted Average Number of Shares (Nos)	(79,808) 59,05,166	(1,32,754)
	Basic & Diluted Earnings per Shere (₹)		59,05,166
15	Segmental Reporting	(0.01)	(0.02)
	The Company is engaged in a single semmint business of danale was a		
16	The Company is engaged in a single segment business of development, construction and management of	mixed use property in In	dia.
10	Rendeu Party Disclosures		
	Names of Related Parties and Dalationships:		
	The second secon		

A Control

Holding Company

West Pioneer Properties (India) Private Limited (w.c.f. 13th January 2016)

Ultimate Holding Company

Winmore Leasing and Holdings Limited (w.c.f. 15th January 2016)

B | Key Management Personnel

Mr. Dharmendra Agarwal - Director Mr. Gaurang Agarwal - Director

Transactions with related parties

Minal Kardile - Company Secretary (w.c.f. 08-02-16)

West Pioneer Properties (India) Private Limited Interest Capitalized

Amount due to related party



31st March 2017 31st March 2016 5,97,846 2,08,388 38,91,168

Westfield Enterfalnment Private Limited

Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2017

17 Capital Commitments ₹ Nil (Previous Year ₹ Nil)

18 Commitments and Contingent Liabilities:

(a) Guarantees

The Company has not provided any guarantees.

(b) Leases

The Company has acquired land from MIDC at Satpur, Nashik under a non cancellable operating lease.

Future rentals payable under the non cancellable operating lease are as follows.

	31st March 2017	31st March 2016
	₹	₹
Not later than one year	3	3
Later than one year but not later than five years	12	12
Later than 5 years	149	152
	164	167

(c) Redemption of Redeemable Preference Shares - Liability cannot be measured reliably since date of redemption is uncertain.

19 Amortisation and Depreciation

An amount of ₹ 95,75,442 (P.Y. ₹ 95,75,442) out of cost of leasehold land has been amortised during the year and debited to Capital Work-in-Progress

20 Expenditure in foreign currency Nil (Previous Year Nil)

21 Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006

The company doesn't have any creditors.

22 The Company had received a notice from MIDC Nashik, requiring the Company to return a part of its leasehold land at Nashik. On the basis of independent legal advice, the Company has filed a writ petition in Bombay High Court seeking cancellation of the notice issued by MIDC and other reliefs.

The Hon'ble Court has stayed the MIDC notice. The matter continues to await disposal by the Court.

In case, the ultimate outcome of the pending litigation is adverse to the Company, it may lose a sizeable part of the litigated land for an unascertainable amount.

23 Previous Year Comparatives

Previous year's figures have been regrouped / reclassified where necessary to conform to this year's presentation.

Details of Specified Bank Notes (SBN) held and transacted during the period 09/11/2016 to 30/12/2016 as required vide notification Notes. G.S.R.307 (e) dt.30/03/2017

		Other denomination	
Partleulars	SBNs	notes	Amount
Clusing cash in hand as on 8-11-2016	-		
(+) Permitted receipts	-		
(+) Amount withdrawn from Banks			
(-) Permitted payments			
(-) Amount deposited in Banks			
Closing cash in hand as on 30-12-2016			

As per our report of even date

For Rajendra K. Gupta & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Rajandra Kumar Gupta

Membership No.: 9939

Parrner

Firm Registration No.: 108373W

For and on hehalf of the Board of Directors

V

GUPTA (Gaurang Agraevel)

Gausar

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS Director

) (Dharmendra Agarwai)

Director

DIN No.00021665 DIN No.06406889

Minal Kardile Company Secretary

Place: Mumbai

Place: Mombai Date: 19th May 2017

Place: Mumbai Date: 19th May 2017

